The Morning Star.
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VOL. LXXX—NO. 143 WILMINGTON, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1907. WHOLE NUMBER 12311.

OUTLINES.

There was an abrupt ending of the Government's cases against the Charlotte cotton mill men at Greensboro, N. C., yesterday, for alleged violation of the immigration law in importing 70 English cotton mill operatives under contract to work in mills in and near Charlotte; on motion of the Government's attorneys a verdict of not guilty was returned in all the cases on the docket——At Culpepper, Va., yesterday, the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty as to the Strother brothers charged with the murder of their brother-in-law, William Bywaters——Attorney Delmas yesterday surprised District Attorney Jerome in New York by calling him up over phone and informing him that the "defense rests" in the taking of testimony in the case against Harry Thaw on trial for the murder of Stanford White; it is believed that the testimony of Thaw's mother will secure a verdict of not guilty, and that the defendant's greatest danger is from a lunacy commission——The 2 cent passenger fare bill became a law in Nebraska yesterday, and the Missouri House passed a similar bill.——Attorney General Bonaparte yesterday gave out another opinion on the South Carolina immigration case, holding that the immigrants whose passage was paid by the State of South Carolina are legally entitled to remain in this country, but that under the immigration act passed by Congress such importations of alien labor would be illegal and would be subject to exclusion——President Roosevelt's youngest son Archie, is seriously ill and several physicians were in consultation at the White House last night——The Jamestown Exposition authorities have asked Philadelphia for the loan of the Liberty Bell for exhibition during the exposition——Former President Cleveland and party arrived in Georgetown, S. C.y esterday and are the guests of General E. P. Alexander on a duck hunt——George W. Perkins, former vice president of the New York Life Insurance Company, recently exonerated from a charge of larceny in connection with the company's contribution to the Roosevelt campaign fund in 1904, yesterday sent his personal check for $54,019.19 to reimburse the company——New York markets: Money on call firm 4 3-4 to 6 per cent, ruling rate 5 1-2, closing bid 5, offered at 5 1-2; spot cotton steady 11.45 cents; flour steady, with light scattered trade; wheat firm, No. 2 red 82 1-2 elevator; corn steady, No. 2, 57 1-2 elevator; oats steady, mixed 41; turpentine steady, rosin steady, strained common to good 4.45.

Judge Carnes saw that Kentucky "brain storms" were more than likely to break out in the Breathitt county court house, so he removed the trial of Judge Hargis to Elliott county, "far from the madding crowd."

A Philadelphia man has fallen in love with his wife again and is as foolish about her as he was in their early courting days. His wife is probably loosing sleep in an effort to discover what kind of an axe it is the old man has to grind.

A beautiful Baltimore girl (and we must say that's what they all are) broke a tooth on a $250 pearl while eating oysters. She may be pretty, but she's not lucky. Wait till she gets the bill from the dentist who fixes the tooth.

No, Bud, we don't want any respectable Republican party in North Carolina. We haven't got enough good Democrats to spare to make it respectable at the expense of the Democratic party. We don't sympathize with the Republican party enough to want to see it respectable.

The dam bill passed by Congress last Sunday provided for bridging the Savannah river. The Charleston News and Courier says "those Savannah river dams are to be built above the city of Savannah." They will have to be built at a great height above the city to keep the ship masts from raking them.

North Carolina wants an anti-trust bill with teeth enough to masticate the trusts without hurting the interests of the people. In setting a trap for the so-called trusts we may get caught ourselves. We have to depend on the wisdom of the Legislature to even up all interests in any bill that it may adopt along that line.

Last Sunday when it became known that Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, had resigned his seat President Roosevelt collapsed with regret and plastered the Senator all over with Presidential unction. It turns out now that Spooner quit the service of his country to take the head of Harriman's legal forces. He abused Wallace when he quit the Panama Canal Commission to accept service with a corporation, and now he has only eulogies for a Senator who quits to help the railroad octopus in its cavortings.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Numerous Bills Went Through Final Stages of Passage Yesteaday.

REED[illegible]RUST BILL

Library of Congress

Senator Buxton Opposed It On Ground That It is Dangerous to Business Interests of State—Insurance Bill Was Tabled.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 7.—The Senate convened today at 9:30 A. M. Many local bills were put through final readings including bills to improve Robeson county roads and levy tax; to consolidate certain stock law territory in Bladen county; to amend charter of Coates, Harnett count; to establish Dunn road district; to authorize Rowland to isue bonds; to amend the charter of Laurinburg; to create a fish commission; concerning Spray school of technology; to amend revisal as to oyster industry; to create the office tax collector and to place the sheriff and treasurer on salaries in Columbus county; in relation to State normal schools for the colored race; to amend the New Hanover fishing law; to provide a school house for Eureka township, Wayne county; to establish a civil court in Columbus county; to furnish and maintain a woman's annex to the state hospital at Raleigh, appropriating $22,638; to amend the law as to the State Historical Commission so as to allow the commission to spend the money in hand for the publication of original articles; bill stimulate high school instruction in the State and establish the Eastern Carolina Training School.

The House met at 9:30 A. M., and took up for passage local and general bills. Among those which passed final reading were: Resolution for members to draw seats at the opening of each Assembly instead of the present system; to extend the right of emient domain to electric light and power companies; to change the rule of evidence in certain cases. This is the bill by Senator Long, which has passed the Senate already, and makes "general reputation" competent evidence in prosecutions for keeping disreputable houses; to improve Duplin county roads; to establish Rocky Mount road district; to amend the charter of Lumberton; to incorporate Patetown, Wayne county; to incorporate Pollocksville; to amend the charter of Mountain Retreat Association; to authorize a tax of one cent per bushel on strawberries to provide inspectors for berries, and as to condition of cars provided by railroads for shipments; amendments being adopted exempting Pender, Wayne, Duplin, Robeson and Scotland; to Establish Stonewall Jackson Training School and Reformato by appropriating $7,500; to take Surry from the Eighth and put it in the Fifth Congressional district; to provide for listing solvent credits.

A resolution was offered that the General Assembly adjourn Monday noon. It elicited much discussion.

Speaker Justice from the floor called attention to many important bills still on the calendar, and the resolution was withdrawn.

The agreed substitute bill for compulsory education came up, having been redrafted over night to accord with the trend of discussion last night. It provides that county boards of education may, on petition of citizens of a district or township, order an election in that township or district, as to whether the act shall apply to that section. The bill passed with amendments exempting Granville, Johnson, Iredell, Edgecombe, Robeson, Chatham, Camden, Currituck, Duplin, Nash and Wilson counties.

A message was received from the Senate asking for a conference committee on the revenue and machinery act bill amendments.

The bill to pay judges and registers of elections $2 instead of $1 passed. There was a lengthy discussion of a bill by Senator Reece to compel telephone companies to connect with each other for the transmission of conversations. The bill finally was tabled by a large majority.

The immigration bill, appropriating $5,000 each from a State Department of Agriculture and State Treasury came up for final reading and passed, 29 to 15.

Discussion of the anti-trust bills was resumed and Senator Buxton took the floor. He spoke at length, protesting especially against the effort of the Raleigh News and Observer to dictate what is and what is not Democracy. He contended that it was evidence of "one man" dictation in the party and the sooner it was crushed out the better. He was still speaking at 2:30 when the Senate took a recess until 8 o'clock.

Night Session.

The Senate convened at 8 o'clock. The following among bills passed final reading: To validate the stock law election in Sampson county; to authorize Nash and Wilson counties to employ a court stenographer; to extend the criminal jurisdiction of the Mayor of Elm City; to change the boundary of Sanford school district; establishing a dispensary at Black Creek; affecting Nash and Wilson counties; to enforce the anti-liquor laws at Goldsboro; to regulate the

(Continued on fourth page.)

SIMPSON STANDS PAT

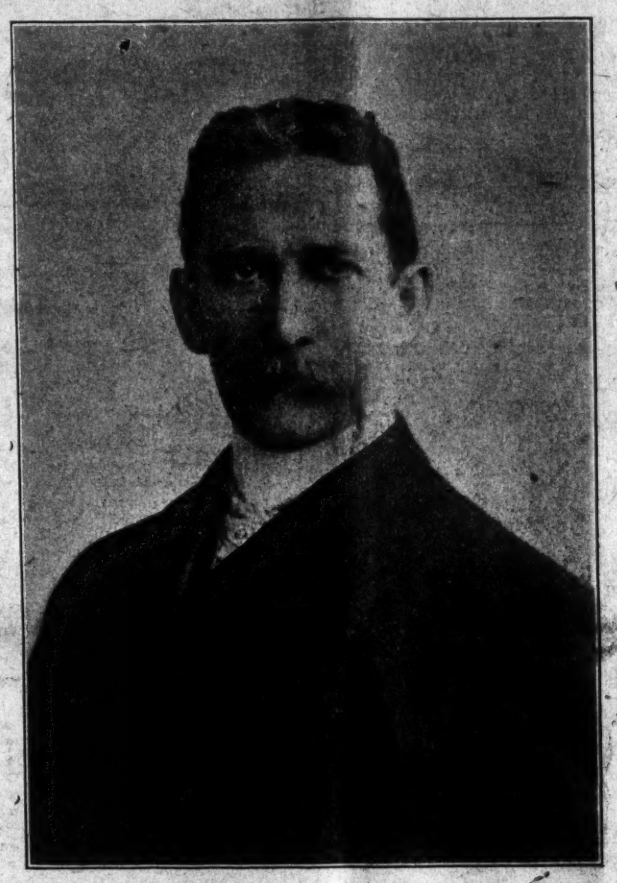
Refuses to Answer Questions Put By Legislative Committee Investigating Charges Made in Raleigh Times—He May Be Jailed.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 7.—Before the Legislative Investigating Committee this afternoon R. W. Simpson, Jr., retiring editor of the Evening Times flatly declined to answer any questions conerning articles which the joint conference on passenger rates complained of as reflected on their personal and official integrity, the charge having been that Josephus Daniels, of the News and Observer, influenced the committee to subject roads of sixty miles trackage to two and a quarter cent rate spite H. A. Page the grounds on which Mr. Simpson declines to answer are two fold. First, that the information was received in the confidence which pertains among newspaper men; and there were no circumstances under which he would violate this confidence. Second, that it is in effect charged that the articles are libelous and he might be subjected to criminal prosecution, and he would, therefore, respectfully decline to answer any questions which might tend to incriminate himself.

There was a large crowd of spectators and frequent applause for Simpson, while he was plied with questions all unanswered un committee protested that this is a judicial investgation and the applause must cease. The six members of the joint conference committee were examined in turn, each of them insisting that Editor Daniels, of the News and Observer, had nothing to do with the sixty mile trackage feature of the report. Locke Craig, of Asheville conducted the examination as counsel for the legislative committee. James H. Pou and F. H. Busbee were counsel for Mr. Simpson. The committee took a recess until this afternoon when it is expected that the committee will announce definitely whether to allow Editor Simpson to stand on the privileges set out his statement or undertake to jail him for contempt in refusing to answer.

H. E. C. Bryant was examined regarding similar publications he made in the Charlotte Observer, his showing being that he printed from general information after publication in the Evening Times, having heard the charge from various sources in and out of Raleigh.



HON. RICHARD H. EDMONDS.

Editor of the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record, who was one of the principal speakers at the Annual Banquet of the Chamber of Commerce last night.

AN ELEGANT AFFAIR

Fifty-Second Annual Banquet of Willmingthn Chamber of Commerce Last Night.

DISTINGUISHED SPEAKERS

Business Men of Lower Cape Fear Enjoy Feast in Yearly Gathering at City's Leading Hostelry. Prominent Visitors.

The fifty-first annual banquet of the Chamber of Commerce last night at the Hotel Orton was one of the most delightful affairs ever given in the history of that well known commercial organization. There were more than a hundred guests and the affair passed off most pleasantly, reflecting great credit upon the splendid organization of Wilmington business men which gave the affair. A large number of distinguished visitors were in attendance, and in story and anecdote the progress of Wilmington's industry was told.

It was nearly 10 o'clock when the banquet hall was thrown open and the guests were bidden to the feast of good things that awaited. The approach of Governor Glenn and other distinguished visitors was greeted with much and enthusiastic applause. The banquet hall was brilliantly lighted and prettily decorated with palms and wild smilax, garlands of the latter being extended from the ceiling in the centre of the room, while over each window there was a pretty festoon of the beautiful Southern foliage. Kneissel's orchestra discoursed sweet music between the courses and after the response to each toast.

Mr. Taylor made an excellent toastmaster, and was exceedingly clever in his manner of presiding. He first introduced the Chamber of Commerce to the distinguished visitors, and then vice versa, making a splendid recapitulation of the commercial importance of the city and the wonderful strides made industrially within the past ten years.

Mr. Taylor presented Hon. H. L. Godwin, who had for his subject: "The Cape Fear Section—One and Indivisible." Mr. Godwin was received with applause and referred briefly to the youth of his congressional career. He expressed great pleasure to be present and said he felt as one of the folks at home. The seeds of friendship, love and good will towards all men implanted here a century ago by our forefathers have brought forth an abundant harvest. He reviewed briefly the earlier history of the Cape Fear section and declared that it was and is forever one and undivisible. He spoke encouragingly of the outlook for the future and closed with a hope that the country of the Cape Fear would forever remain one and the same.

A telegram was read from Mr. G. J. Boney, humorously suggesting that "12 pounds of meal make a peck." Mr. Taylor introduced Mr. Thomas M. Emerson, president of the Atlantic Coast

(Continued of Page Five.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. Shrier—Correct Clothes.
Chas. M. Stieff—Stieff Pianos.
Palace Market—Table and Cooking Butter.
B. F. Keith, Custodian—Proposals Invited.

Business Locals.

T Loan—$1,500 on Dwelling.
Baraca Class—Bazaar Tonight.
Wanted—Position in Wholesale Grocery.
713 North Fourth Street—Chicken Salad, Cream, Etc.

—Editor Howard C. Curtis, of the Southport Herald, was in the city yesterday on his way to Whiteville, N. C., on a business trip.

CALL FOR MEETINGS

Voters of First and Fifth Wards Want Voice in Recommending Members of City Board of Audit and Finance—Petitions.

Petitions circulated yesterday and the day before and largely signed by the voters of the respective political divisions of the city, call for meetings in the First and Fifth wards tonight for the purpose of recommending to Governor R. B. Glenn whom they will have to represent them on the Board of Audit and Finance of the city. It will be recalled that Governor Glenn wrote some time ago that he desired to make these appointments after all interests had been heard and that he would be very glad to have recommendations of persons in any form, at the same time stating that the law clearly left the appointments with him and that he would act with all the light before him to what he conceived to be the best interests of the city. It is believed that these ward meetings will have great weight with the Governor and to this end it is important that the meetings be well attended. There is no expressed hostility to the present members of the Board but the voters claim that they should have some voice in the matter of appointments of their representatives and for this reason the meetings are called.

Governor Glenn was in the city last night at the annual banquet of the Chamber of Commerce and is known to have consulted several, not necessarily members of that body, however, in regard to the situation and he will make the appontments soon after returning to the executive office.

The meeting in the Fifth ward will be held in the Gore building, on Castle, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and that of the First ward is called for the Court House. The petition from voters of the Fifth ward for the meeting is largely signed, even more so than that of the First ward, and the gathering there is expected to be unusually large. Thus far no candidates have been mentioned and it is said to be not at all quite likely that the present members of the Board from these two wards will be recommended for reappointment. The appointees are not so much objected to as it is the manner of their appointment, according to the statements of the leaders of the movement.

FINANCES OF COUNTY.

Auditing Committee of Board of Commissioners In Session.

The Auditing Committee of the Board of County Commissioners was in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon, those present being Chairman McEachern and Commissioner Vollers. The report of the treasurer for the month of February shows receipts and disbursements as follows:

Receipts—Balance, general fund, $41,725.43; special fund, $2,913.63; road fund, $31,989.99; road sinking fund, $10,590.26; cash from county home, $415.55; cash from Pender county, one-half survey Northeast river bridges, $21.25; liquor tax, $95; schedule B tax, $561.03; jail fees, $2,35; marriage licenses, $25.65. Total, $88,340.14.

Disbursements—Public buildings, $140.70; County Home, $338.32; outdoor poor, $93.51; United Charities, $127.75; hospital, $600; jail, $315.75; Superior Court, $480.70; roads and bridges, $134.25; stationery and advertising, $31.70; magistrates, $27.57; election, $23.95; commissioners, $134; miscellaneous, $311.75; Register of Deeds, $10.60; Superintendent of Health, $100; coroner, $5; constable, $34.60; clerk, $60; janitor, $50; New Hanover roads, $1,105.26; treasurer's commissions, $51.76. Total, $4,177.13. Grand total, with balance, $88,340.14.

The balance on hand is $84,163.01, divided into the several funds as follows: General county fund, $39,774.39; special county fund, $2,913.63; New Hanover road sinking fund, $10,590.26.

NEWS OF THE SHIPPING.

Steamer and Several Schooners with Cargoes of Fertilizers.

The American steamer Ossaboay, Capt. Webb, arrived yesterday from New York with a cargo of fertilizer constituents for discharge at the Carolina Central warehouses, the vessel being consigned to Mr. F. A. Fetter, the local agent. The Assabar to the first of the larger American freight steamers to enter the port, being of over 2,000 tons.

The schooners Charles J. Dumas, from Carteret, N. J., and the Crescent and R. T. Rundlett, from Baltimore, arrived yesterday with cargoes of acid phosphate for the Pocomoke Guano Co., and the Armour Fertilizer Works, all three vessels being consigned to C. D. Maffitt. The schooner Samuel W. Hathaway was cleared yesterday for a New Jersey port with cargo of cross-ties consigned by Messrs. Flynn & Co.; vessel by C. D. Maffitt.

Bound to Higher Court.

Mary L. Byrd, the colored woman charged in Justice Bornemann's court yesterday with an assault upon Fannie Brockington with a knife, was bound over to the higher court under bond of $25. She arranged to give the bond through her mother.

—Mr. Henry Vines, of Robeson, N. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday, and was a pleasant caller at The Star office.

THE SPRING OPENING

Annual Display of Millinery and Dress Goods at Big Department Store.

J. H. REHDER & COMPANY

Hundreds and Hundreds of Ladies Delighted With New Styles and Fancies as Magnificently Presented Yesterday—Music.

The early Easter Spring opening of fashionable millinery and dry goods at the big department store of Jno. H. Rehder & Co., which began yesterday morning is already a success in spite of the rather unfavorable weather for an affair of the kind. The store yesterday was thronged with ladies from all parts of the city and all were charmed with the magnificent display of fashionable goods in every department. Of course the millinery room was the chief attraction and well it might have been for all the fashionable fads and fancies of the fashion centres North are most attractively displayed for the inspection of visitors. Miss Sarah Gardner, the head milliner at the store, and Mr. John H. Rehder, the proprietor, spent some time North lately and the goods bought on that occasion are still coming in. The hats, trimimngs and the like are there in endless variety and are pretty to a degree seldom attained.

The decorations of the large store this season are in white and blue and are the product of Mr. E. Clayton Moore, whose talents have long been recognized in this respect. Palms and ferns are used at advantageous positions all over the big establishments and the goods are shown most attractively everywhere. A beautiful arch of white, studded with electric lights and entwined with maiden hair ferns is the centre piece in the millinery room and there is a blending of colors in the pretty hats, trimmings and flowers that is artistic indeed. Miss Gardner says that the leading shapes this year are the Viyella, Mayflower, Runnicks and Madolin Poke, while some of the popular shades are apricot, pastelle and Copenhagen. The flowers used this season are hyacinths, wisteria and roses of the medium size. In the pattern hats there are more than 300 shapes and styles shown and the materials principaly used in the trimming are molines, laces and braids. Miss Gardner is assisted by twelve trimmers and salesladies in the millinety department and yesterday they were kept quite busy, many orders having been taken even this early. The stock, however, is not being depleted as new arrivals are coming in the shipping room daily. The opening will continue until 10:30 o'clock tonight and music will be furnished by Kneissel's Academy Orchestra, beginning at 8 o'clock. The ladies are most cordially invited.

Not only is the millinery department a dream of beauty and elegance for the opening but in the dress goods department Mr. Claude E. Moss, the manager, is showing a full line of large figured silk mulles, printed and embroidered, and English voiles in shades and varieties. There is also a fine showing of Scotch plaids in ginghams and silks, a beautiful line of white goods, both imported and domestic, in large and small checks and stripes. There is also a full line of new Spring woven goods in light fabrics like tamise, voille and batiste. A full line of rain-proof fabrics is shown. The decorations in the dress goods department are very pretty and effective. A large cash and package stand has recently been put in the centre of the store and this adds no little to the appearance of the place as well as facilitating the handling of the large business of the firm.

In clothing, shoes, hats, carpets, mattings, etc., there are also special exhibitions this week, one in particular being the display of Crawford and James Means shoes for men and the Dolly Madison for ladies and children. Mr. Luther Wessell is in charge and has one of the neatest showings in the store.

The programme by the orchestra this evening will be as follows:

March, Usona—Losey.

Waltzes, My Lady Laughter, Blanke-Tryolinne, Sunshine, L. Crickson. Selection, Woodland, Luders. Characteristic, Noodles, Percy Wenrich. Sextette from Lucia, Donizetta. Medley, Remick's Hits.

March, Battle of the Waves—John T. Hall.

Wilmington Presbytery.

Kenansville News: "The Wilmington Presbytery will meet this year in Kenansville at the Grove church, which is the oldest organized Presbyterian church in the State. During the Presbytery educational exercises will be a feature and the history of all the old schools in Duplin will be given. Ex-Congressman B. F. Grady has been invited to preside and take charge of this interesting feature. No better selection could be made and all Duplin people will hear gladly that this distinguished and learned historian, who stands without a peer in the State, will be here on that day. Kenansville will open her arms to the Presbyterians in April, and this Presbytery may be the best that any country town can afford."

The Morning Star.

Founded in 1867.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.
Owner and Editor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Friday, March 8, 1907.

GOING AFTER IMMIGRANTS.

No doubt the opinion by Attorney General Bonaparte reversing the ruling of Secretary Straus, of the Department of Labor and Commerce, concerning the South Carolina plan of securing a desirable class of immigrants, will be a severe blow to the hopes of the Southern States in obtaining the immigration so badly needed in the South. The Attorney General's opinion is that it is a violation of the Federal immigration law for a State to pay the way of immigrants to this country, and that opinion will hold good till it is passed upon by the courts.

The North Carolina General Assembly has passed an immigration act, following more or less the South Carolina plan, but, however it may be affected by the opinion of the Attorney General, that need not deter us from making the most of it and getting ourselves in position to get the best out of the situation under the new developments. We have no doubt some way will develop to get the immigrants, and now that Congress has made an appropriation for immigration stations at three Southern ports, we should recognize in that fact some encouragement in the way of at least landing immigrants in the South.

Congress having made Charleston one of these three immigration stations and appropriated money to properly equip the station for taking care of immigrants when they are landed and awaiting inspection by the government officials before they are admitted to the country, there is nothing else for North Carolina to do than to co-operate with the South Carolina auhorities in the excellent plan they have adopted for securing a desirable class of European immigrants.

The South Carolinians are in earnest about this matter of immigration, and State Immigration Commissioner E. J. Watson, Mr. P. H. Gadsden, an assitstant, and former Governor Heyward, president of the Southern Immigration Association, are soon to sail from New York for Bremen, Germany, to consult the officials of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. Their object is to confer with the steamship people about making permanent the running of a line of steamships to Charleston to bring immigrants to that and other States which will join in the movement. They see in it an opportunity to build up the commerce of Charleston, and North Carolina can see in it an opportunity to get a desirable class of labor to supply the lack of mill and farm help in this State.

The Charlotte Evening Chronicle speaking of the recent immigration act passed by the North Carolina General Assembely, says:

"The Senate did a good day's work when it passed the immigration bill We need immigrants in North Carolina to help develop our resources and the cry for labor comes up from all sections of the State. The bill is framed along the line of the South Carolina law, which has resulted in bringing desirable immigrants into the Palmetto State. It will be wise for North Carolina to join hands with South Carolina in this sensible and practical method of securing desirable and needed immigrants. Statistics collected by parties who have been studying this matter show that there is now a shortage of 68,000 hands on the farms of the State. Of course, we prefer North Carolinians, and if everybody would do like the Stanly county man and "raise our own immigrants, there would be no need to get others, but the need for labor in every direction is so great that an earenest effort ought to be systematically made to secure desirable immigrants from the Northern States and from the North of Europe."

Referring to the Associated Press dispatch from Washington on Wednesday night, giving the opinion of the Attorney General, the Columbia State of yesterday says:

"Commissioner of Immigration Watson was shown the dispatch from Washington last night. A few minutes later he received a telegram from Hon. E. H. Preston, author of the North Carolina immigration bureau bill, asking what effect the Bonaparte opinion would have on Southern immigration affairs. Colonel Watson was not in the least flustrated when he received the news of the Attorney General's action. It can not be retroactive, and as the plan of prepaying the transportation of immigrants had already been decided to be abandoned, it will not interfere in the least with the work of the South Carolina department.

"The tide of immigration has turned southward and will not be retarded by the latest interpretation of the immigration laws. The bill providing for the immigration station at Charleston has been welcomed throughout the South and Commissioner Watson has received assurances that other States will join with South Carolina in guaranteeing the permanency of the trans-Atlantic steamship line from Bremen to Charleston. Gov. Heyward, president of the Southern Immigration Association, was also informed last night of Mr. Bonaparte's opinion.

"Col. Watson sent the following dispatch in reply to Mr. Preston's telegram, which embodies all that he desired to give out for publication last night:

March 6, 1907.

"Hon. E. H. Preston, Raleigh, N. C.:

"Yours received. The new immigration law passed by Congress we had not anticipated would interfere in any way with the work of this department. Tonight Bonaparte has rendered opinion that State can not prepay passages, thus reversing Straus' decision. We do not consider that this injures materially Southern immigration movement through State departments, for tide has been started through Charleston and station obtained. State department just as important now as before, because without it State can not advertise abroad its inducements for immigration thereto. The only effect is to prevent prepayment of passage, which I do not consider longer necessary. We only used this to start the tide into the South, and had not intended continuing to avail ourselves of it.

"E. J. WATSON,
"Commissioner."

CURRENT COMMENT.

—Delmas and his associates have originated the Thawt that homicide is a cure for insanity.—Charleston News and Courier.

—The lawsuit instituted by the relatives of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy will prove whether or not that lady can, by Christian Science methods, save herself from "coughing."—Charleston News and Courier.

—Revise the tariff and modify the navigation laws so as to remove the harassing restriction now burdening American shipping, and the American flag would eventualy be seen in every port. To subsidize shipping is but to fasten the evils of protectionism more strongly upon us. It is protectionism run made.—Washington Herald.

—The decision of the Federal Supreme Court, upholding a statute of Nebraska, under which sellers of intoxicants were punished for using the National Flag as an advertisement on bottles, recalls that in 1892 the Legislature of South Carolina passed an Act authorizing the coat-of-arms of South Carolina to be used as an advertisement on whiskey bottles. Six years passed before the law was repealed.—Charleston News and Courier.

—The Reid bill does not amount to anything, said an opponent of effective trust legislation yesterday, and in less than five minutes he said he was opposed to it because it would drive the American Tobacco Company out of the State. Both of these statements cannot be correct. The milk in the cocoanut is that the bill must have teeth or the trusts wouldn't have a big lobby here fighting it.—Raleigh News and Observer.

—The resignation of Shonts is said to portend a "change of mind" on the part of the president, and he has been "made to see" that the army can dig the canal. There is where we begin, and the supposition was the argument used to have congress turn the whole thing over to the president who was commander-in-chief. Since then he has boxed the compass, whipped the devil around the stump, whether Wallace or Bigelow makes little difference; made Oliver waste forty thousand and—is again at the beginning. One thing may be safely predicated of the president—he will not do the obvious thing and he cannot keep the same mind long.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

TWINKLINGS.

—"You don't love him?" "Love him? I should say not!" "Then what did you get engaged to him for?" "Here it is on my third finger; isn't it a beauty?"—Houston Post.

—Theatrical Manager—Are those jokes you get off your own? Minstrel Man—You bet they are. I inherited them from my grandfather; he used to be in a minstrel show.—Detroit Free rPess.

—Wilfred—Pa, a man who is continually on a ship is called a sea dog, isn't he? Gunbusta—That's what they call him, my boy. Wilfred—Well, if he's a sea dog, then a man who is continually on an airship must be a skye terrier.—Judge.

—"Yes," said the reformed chief, "I used to eat every missionary that came out here." "That was before you got religion, eh?" queried the new missionary. "No, before I got indigestion."—The Catholic Standard and Times.

—Briggs (indignantly)—I understand you said I never opened my mouth without putting my foot in it. Diggs (apologetically)—Yes, I believe I did say that; but— Briggs—But what, sir? Diggs—But I acknowledge my mistake. When I made that remark I had overlooked the size of your feet.—Tit-Bits.

HAIR TELLS CHARACTER.

Color of Hair Said to Indicate a Person's Temperament.

Many people believe that blonde light hair denotes affection and dark hair constancy. A person without hair is not devoid of character; far from it. The disposition of the average bald headed man is to show such solicitude for the welfare of others, that he neglects himself. A germ causes baldness. Prof. Sabouraud, of Paris, France, inoculated a rabbit with Dandruff germs, causing it to become totally bald in five weeks' time. To rid the scalp of these dangerous germs it is necessary to apply Newbro's Herpicide.

"Destroy the cause—you remove the effect."

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co. Detroit, Mich.

Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY Special Agt.

THE OCEAN'S BOTTOM.

Two Vast Valleys Traverse the Bed of the Atlantic.

The Atlantic ocean covers two vast valleys. One of these passes between the Cape Verde islands and the Azores, and it is of great depth. It runs close up to Europe and comes to an end close to the British Isles, where a ridge or crest of land separates it from the basin of the North sea. The other valley runs in the main parallel to the first, from which it is separated by an elongated strip of land, of which the Azores forms a supermarine continuation. This strip does not exceed a depth of 9,850 feet, while its height amounts to 6,560 feet. The first valley, like its confrere, is also very deep, its bottom being situated at a depth of nearly four miles below the surface. Passing along South America and leaving the Bermudas to the left it passes along Newfoundland and Labrador, finally ending just south of Greenland. The sub-Atlantic landscape thus consists of two vast parallel valleys or mountains. Farther north the land lies higher, and the sea is, relatively speaking, shallow. Between Greenland and the continent, close to Iceland and the channel islands, there is a huge plain free from any depression worthy of mention. It is quite clear that at one time England was connected to the continent.—Scientific American.

His Golden Opportunity.

A Baltimore man tells of an address made to some school children in that city by a member of the board of trustees. "My young friends," said the speaker, "let me urge upon you the necessity of not only reading good books, but of owning them, so that you may have access to them at all times. When I was a young man I used frequently to work all night to earn money to buy books, and then get up before daylight to read them."—Success Magazine.

His Mistake.

"I thought it was a good time to ask the old gentleman for his daughter. He is suffering from a recently broken arm."

"Well?"

"I found I made a mistake in not waiting until he broke a leg."—Clevelan Plain Dealer.

Cluett

DRESS SHIRTS

Meet the highest expectations of the most critical dressers. In the best shops; $1.50 and more.

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF ARROW COLLARS

Sectional View

The "UNIVERSAL" Coffee Percolator

A Christmas gift that brings good cheer to all the family.

Makes a pure and healthful beverage by filtering the water through the ground coffee before the boiling point is reached

To boil coffee is to bring out the bitterness—the unwholesome properties.

To make it in the "Universal" is to have it as every one loves it—mellow, nutritious and invigorating. Different styles and sizes—$2.50 up.

SLOAN & SWEENEY,
Market Street.

THE ONLY RESTUARANT

Is still the popular resort for those who wish a good meal

FOR 25 CENTS

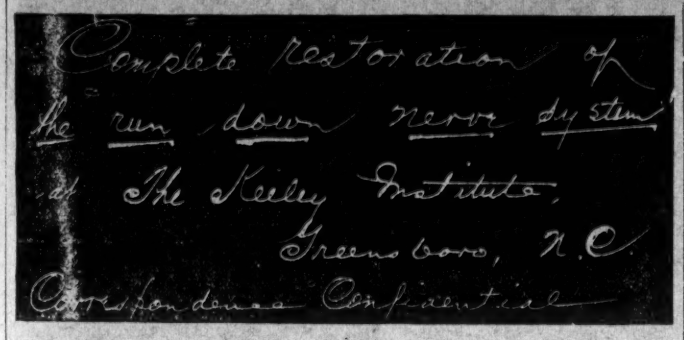
Short orders filled quickly. Oysters in every style.
Comfortable Lodging Rooms.

THE ONLY RESTUARANT,
118 Market Street.
jan-23-tf.

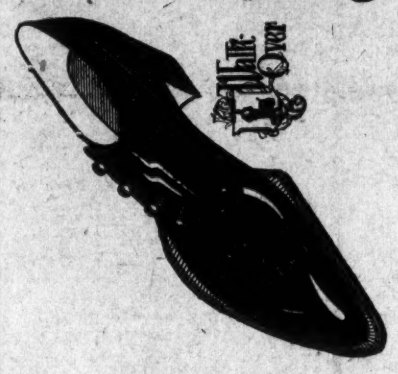
GUION & DAVIS,

Barbers and Hair Dressers.

Are still at the old stand, No. 7 South Front street, where they are prepared, as usual, to serve the public in the best style. Everything necessary to the comfort and complete satisfaction of our patrons. tf



New Spring Styles



of Walk-Over Oxfords

Now On Sale At

Peterson & Rulfs,

202 N. Front Street.

feb 22 tf

SWAS-TI-KA!

JUST RECEIVED AN ADVANCE SHIPMENT OF SPRING STYLES IN

Ladies' Two Eyelet Ribbon Ties, Pumps and Court Ties

in Patent Leather and Gun Metal. Widths AA to E.

Pat Ribbon Tie We Fit the Feet.

HEWLETT & PRICE,
109 MARKET STREET.

fe 9-tf

IT'S IN THE DRAFT.

The secret of the fuel-saving qualities of this Buck's hot blast heater lies in the draft construction. It is so made as to allow large quantities of heated air to pass over the upper surface of the burning coal, thus supplying oxygen to the rising gasses, which are then converted into heating power.

Simple, isn't it? And yet it's new principle in stove building—not to be found elsewhere.

This stove will reduce your coal bill nearly one-third.

Let us tell your of its many advantages.

WM. E. SPRINGER&CO.

INVESTORS

We offer, subject to sale,

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad and Louisville & Nashville Railroad Three Year Five Per Cent notes at 97 1-2 and interest netting the investor practically SIX PER CENT.

Notes are are for $1,000 each, interest payable semi-annually.

C. P. BOLLES & CO.,

Telephone 1320. 415 Southern Building.

mch 5 tf

The Atlantic Cafe,

Gleschen Bros., Props.,

The 4 Cardinal Points in good Liquors are flavor, purity, age and wholesomeness. Many brands you can buy here answer that description from A to Z. The few words suggest and invite the "try."

OPPOSITE A. C. L. DEPOT.

mch 6 tf

STATEMENT

Report of the Condition of the Southern National Bank at Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, at the Close of Business, January 26, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 671,990 53
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		5,664 54
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure U. S. Deposits		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		9,296 88
Banking House furniture and fixtures		5,979 23
Due from National banks (not reserve agents)		280,644 07
Due from State banks and bankers		204,077 24
Due from approved reserve agents		75,331 80
Checks and other cash items		5,469 13
Exchanges for clearing house		10,771 42
Notes of other National banks		1,479 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		389 35
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$16,650	
Legal tender notes	8,000	24,650 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		10,298 35
Total		$1,555,982 25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 200,000 00
Surplus fund	100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	15,114 60
Reserved for unearned discount	2,000 00
National bank notes outstanding	200,000 00
Due to other national banks	161,226 00
Due to State banks and bankers	206,993 70
Due to Trust Companies and Savings banks	110,602 39
Due to approved reserve agents	131,162 11
Individual Deposits, subject to check	267,517 11
Certified checks	231 42
United States deposits	50,000 00
Notes and bills rediscounted	111,134 92
Total	$1,555,982 25

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, ss:

I, C. N. Evans, cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. N. EVANS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of Jan. 1907.

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
MATT J. HEYER,
ISADORE BEAR,
J. A. TAYLOR,
Directors.

ja 30-tf

Atlantic National Bank

The management of this bank has worked to build a strong, sound institution—operated in the interest of its depositors. How well they have succeeded is best shown in the following statement:

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		$ 758,809 51
Overdrafts		2,531 49
U. S. Bonds		175,000 00
N. C. Bonds (4 per cent)		99,000 00
Stock, Securities, etc		33,200 00
Banking House		20,000 00
Due from other banks		449,950 53
Cash on hand (in our vaults)		116,728.99
Total		$1,654,220 57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$ 125,000 00
Surplus and Profits, net		222,106 58
Circulation		125,000 00
Deposits:—		
Individual	$893,836 77	
Banks	288,277 24	1,182,114 01
Total		$1,654,220 57

feb 3-tf

HAVE WE SOLD OUT?

NOT YET.

The sale of part of our property on the water front does not affect our business, as we shall continue to use the present warehouses until we can elect new buildings on the Nutt Street front reserved by us.

We therefore solicit orders which will have the same careful attention as heretofore.

Hall & Pearsall.
(INCORPORATED)
feb 19 tf

Who Are You Looking For?

THE MACHINE SHOP OF NEWKIRK BROS.

To Get Machinery Repaired.

Phone 595.
fe 7-tf

Are Patent Medicines Frauds?

We are often asked the above question, and our answer has invariably been that no medicine that gives satisfactory results could be fraudulent. We could not afford to sell fraudulent medicines. Our business depends on pleased customers—in fact any business does. Therefore, we would take an enormous risk did we not fulfil every promise made our customers. We are very careful of what we guarantee, and when we do guarantee an article we must know it pretty well—what it contains and how it is made. We have in mind the Rexall line of remedies, particularly Rexall Mucu-Tone, of which we are selling large quantities at this time of the year. Mucu-Tone is one article that we can recommend over our counter and know that ninety-eight per cent. of its purchasers are going to be benefited and will return to our store pleased customers. Mucu-Tone is a positive cure for internal scrofula or what is commonly called Catarrh. It is without a doubt the peer of all tonics for any one who is suffering from a run-down condition, can't work, feels constantly tired or suffering from the more plainly described symptoms of Catarrh—such as stopping of the nose, cold in the head or bad cough."

It must be remembered that Catarrh is not confined to the nose and throat. It usually starts there, but it leads more often to serious trouble, particularly the wasting of tissues, as in the case of little Miss Dillon, of Albany. Here is a letter from her father:

"My little girl had catarrh so badly that the disease had begun to eat into the cartilage of the nose. Snuffs and instruments failed to do more than give temporary relief. I saw the advertisements of Rexall Mucu-Tone, but I could not believe that anything taken in the stomach could cure the sore membranes of the nose. However, I took advantage of your free trial offer and my girl began taking your remedy according to directions. I want to say right here that Mucu-Tone is certainly the greatest medical discovery of the times, and to thank you for the liberal offer that first induced me to give it a trial. Muco-Tone has cured my daughter's catarrh completely. The discharge has stopped altogether, and her breath is as sweet as can be. Again thanking you, MATT. DILLON, 24 N. Swan St., Albany, N. Y."

We are selling a large trial bottle of Mucu-Tone for fifty cents on the famous Rexall guarantee of your money back if you are not satisfied. We promise that one bottle will put flesh on your bones and bring new vitality to your system.

A REASON

The United Drug Company, manufacturers of the Rexall Remedies, for whose preparations we are agents in this city, make 200 remedies, one for each ill. Each one is especially prepared to cure one disease, and that only. This is an age of specialists. You don't contract with a plumber to build your whole house, do you? Why should you contract with one proprietary medicine to cure all your troubles?

Oftentimes you run across a building contractor who has a separate plumbing department, his own plastering department, and so on, all of which dovetail together and build the house. This is just what the United Drug Company is doing for you in the medicine line. They have cut down profits; they manufacture Rexall Remedies for over 2,000 retail druggists. These druggists are the only intermediate profit that stand between The United Drug Company and the patient.

Could the United Drug Company, of which we are a member, afford to make one poor medicine in this line? Does not common sense tell you that one poor medicine would ruin the sale of the other 199 preparations? If you bought a Rexall preparation and it didn't do for you what we claim it will, would you buy another one of our articles? We believe not. Therefore each preparation must be good—it is good. We who are in the drug business know the formulas of these Rexall preparations. We believe in them so implicitly that we stand back of them, with our guarantee to refund you your money if they do not benefit you.

For Nervousness—
Rexall Americanitis Elixir, 75c.

For Constipation—
Rexall Orderlies. Price, 10c.

For Coughs—
Rexall Cherry Juice, large bottle, 25c.

And—
196 other Rexall Remedies for 196 other ailments.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO., Druggists,
The Rexall Store

OUR ENTIRE LINES NEW DRESS GOODS.
SPARKLE
NEW TRIMMINGS WITH NEW IDEAS

CATCHY AND SEDUCTIVE ADVERTISING MAY BE ALL RIGHT—BUT THE MERCHANDISE COUNTS AND WE HAVE IT.

Every Department of
A. D. BROWN'S,
"The Modest Price SStore."

EEMS WITH SPECIAL INTEREST TO THE FASHION SEEKER.

OUR BUYERS HAVE RETURNED FROM THE NORTHERN MARKETS AND OUR MAMMOTH STOCK, COM-BINING LIMITLESS QUANTITY AND PEERLESS QUALITY, IS NOW READY FOR YOUR CRITICAL INSPEO-TICN.

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILL ED.
SOLE AGENT.
BLACK CAT HOSIERY—AMERICAN LADY CORSETS.
BUTTERICK PATTERNS—MONE YBACK SILKS.
NEW SUITS. NEW UNDERWEAR.

THE BEGINNING IS HALF THE BATTLE.

Start an account with us at once and see how easy it is to get into the habit of saving.

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

mch 7 tf

A Skyscraping Affair

By DONALD ALLEN

Copyright, 1906, by Ruby Douglas

It was a fact well known in social circles in Traverse City that Henry Harrington Hawkins and R. Ogden Winterbury were rivals for the hand of Miss Kate Barstow, but it was only known to three or four people that the aforesaid handsome young girl had already plighted her troth with Burt Rayl, manager of the big department store, and that when the marriage came off he was to have an interest in the business.

Mr. Hawkins was a young man of aesthetic tastes. He was a law student and wrote sonnets to himself, and his income was $8 a week. Mr. Winterbury neither had aesthetic tastes nor wrote poetry. He was employed by a firm publishing a state gazetteer, and he therefore called himself a literary man and tried to make his salary of $12 per week carry out his assertions.

If Burt Rayl had been of a jealous disposition there would have been no rivalry between the other two, but he was not, and as Miss Kate was being kept in caramels and roses by the rivalry and as good looking girls are as prone to mischief as plainer ones she let matters go on.

She knew of the rivalry, but took no notice of it. Both young men were treated alike. They had been friends up to the occasion of a certain lawn party, when both fell in love. From that time on it was enmity. They passed each other in the street to glare and mutter. They sat together in the Barstow parlor, with the young lady making a good third, and smiled and smiled and yet wished each other dead. If one got away early in the evening for a game of croquet with the object of his affections the other waylaid him on his homeward way and hit him in the back with stones. If Miss Barstow attended a sacred concert with Mr. Hawkins it was Mr. Winterbury's turn to throw missiles. Their love for the girl was broad and deep and long and desperate. Neither of them stopped to figure on the cost of pork or potatoes or the price of house rent. That would have been abasing their love.

Things went on. Things go on even if people are in love. Traverse City decided to hold a county fair. All the big hogs, fat cattle, old ganders, fancy bedquilts, gigantic pumpkins, overgrown cucumbers and three legged calves in the county were to be exhibited, and one enterprising individual bought the privilege of setting up a Ferris wheel on the grounds. It was one that had seen its best days at a seashore resort and was longing for a rest.

When the fair opened, of course everybody was there. That meant that Miss Kate Barstow and Mr. Hawkins and Mr. Winterbury were there. It also meant that when Miss Kate saw the Ferris wheel she was much taken with it and expressed her desire to make the circuit and get a view of the country for miles around.

The rivalry had become desperate by this time. Each rival felt that a crisis was at hand. Each proposed to make that circuit with Miss Kate and to have his fate settled before they had left the car.

Now the law student showed his fine Italian hand. He went to the owner of the wheel and had a very private conversation. Later on he borrowed $20 and passed the bills over to the man.

The transaction had hardly been closed when the literary editor of the gazetteer appeared. He spent some ten minutes watching the machinery operating the wheel, and then he had a talk with the owner.

There were many winks and smiles, and more money passed. It was after the last trotting race that the rivals and the girl they loved approached the wheel. Each intended to make the circuit with Miss Kate and leave the other on the ground. Each had also planned that in case he got left the fact should not give the other any advantage. On the contrary, it should be bad for him. It can't be said that the girl had an intuition, but this much is certain—that in the crowd and crush around the car she so managed that Mr. Hawkins had as a partner a very fat woman whose husband was a nervous little man who dared not make the trip, while Mr. Winterbury found a little later that his companion was an old maid of forty or more who wanted to fall in love.

The rivals were thirty feet high when they discovered the mixup, and there was nothing to do but go onward and upward. Miss Kate smiled and waved a hand at them, but that only increased the pain. The owner of the wheel had been closely watching things, but after half a minute he shook his head and muttered:

"Hanged if I know what to do. I have forgotten which I was to keep up there. They have gone and mixed themselves up, and I guess the best thing I can do is to stop the old machine right now."

The "old machine" had made only a half circuit. Mr. Hawkins and his fat woman and Mr. Winterbury and his old maid were right at the top when something went wrong with the machinery, and the motion ceased. After half a minute there were loud demands to know what had happened. The wheel man told them as well as he could. Some cog, lever, cam or ratchet had given out, and it might be a full hour before that big wheel took up its slow and stately movement again.

"Young man, this is a purty how-de-do!" exclaimed the fat woman when the news was shouted aloft. "Here I am up here half scared to death, and down there is my Samuel almost in a fit."

"Well, I'm not to blame for it," replied Mr. Hawkins.

"I believe you are. I can see 'villain' written in every line on your face. Lay as much as the tip of your finger on me and I'll make you rue it to the last day of your life!"

"You shut up and keep quiet!" shouted the young lawyer at her. "Can't you see that your hitching around may upset this car?"

"I'm a dead woman—I know I am!" she wailed as she began to shed tears.

"Didn't I tell you to keep still?"

She sank down in the bottom of the car, crowding his legs until he had to haul them up, and Mr. Hawkins swore according to Coke and Blackstone.

In the next car below Mr. Winterbury and the old maid were also having some conversation. He was a young man and looked like a good thing, and her heart went out to him. As her heart went out she exclaimed:

"What a romantic bower for a pair of lovers! All around us the meadows, overhead God's sky! I hope you appreciate the beautiful."

"I'd appreciate a chance to punch that fellow's head down there!" was the savage reply.

"Say not so. I could ride on forever."

"You may ride all you please after I get out."

It was an unkind remark, and the old maid took it so and flared up and told Mr. Winterbury that he was evidently a loafer in disguise and that her brother down below would wallop better manners into him as soon as the wheel turned. Then the rivals caught sight of each other and began to shake their fists and indulge in epithets. These things scared the fat woman until she began to shriek and angered the old maid until she threatened to stab her vis-a-vis with a hatpin if he didn't give over. He gave over, but not until he had said:

"If I ever catch that long nosed young man on the solid earth I'll rend him limb from limb, and if hung for it I'll go to the gallows with a song on my lips!"

A thunderstorm had been creeping up. The owner of the machine didn't know whether he had earned his $40 or not. He finally decided that he hadn't, and, while seemingly industriously at work to make repairs, he accomplished nothing and left all his patrons to get wet.

There was a strong wind ahead of the rain, and the people aloft sat with their hearts in their mouths. The thunder roared, and they roared with it. The lightning cut up didos, and shrieks rent the air. When the rain came all were soaked in a minute. This included the fat woman and the old maid, and they privately informed Messrs. Hawkins and Winterbury that their vengeance would be deep and deadly and last through three generations.

The owner of the wheel was a man who believed in giving full measure for the money. He kept the wheel still for the full time he had agreed upon and then added ten minutes. By that time the storm had ceased and the sun of joy shone again. Messrs. Hawkins and Winterbury gave him one long lingering look as the wheel came round and then leaped from their seats and walked away.

They walked toward and past the girl of their hearts as she stood smiling beside her mother, but they didn't see her. They didn't want to. The thunderstorm had washed their love away never to return. Henceforth no more caramels, no more roses. It was as if nothing ever had been—nothing but law and literary work.

Danderine

Latest Photograph of MISS EVA LEWIS
2572 Hamilton Avenue, Chicago

GREW MISS LEWIS' HAIR
AND WE CAN
PROVE IT

The Great Danderine Never Fails to Produce the Desired Results

MISS Lewis' hair was very thin and it was less than two feet in length when she began using Danderine. She says her hair and scalp are now fairly **teeming with new life and vigor.**

That's the main secret of this great remedy's success as a hair grower. It enlivens, invigorates and fairly electrifies the **hair glands** and **tissues** of the scalp, causing unusual and unheard-of activity on the part of these two most important organs, **resulting in a strenuous and continuous growth of the hair.**

The following is a reproduction of Miss Lewis' last letter:

January 3, 1905.

Dear Doctor Knowlton:—

You know I told you in my first letter that my hair would not reach much below my shoulders, and that all of it together only made one tiny braid.

I am sending you my photograph, which I had taken at Stevens Bros. It tells the whole story better than I can tell it.

Everybody I know is using Danderine, so you see I am doing something to show my appreciation.

Sincerely yours, (Miss) EVA LEWIS.

Danderine makes the scalp healthy and fertile and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp fertilizer and therefore the greatest **hair-producing remedy** the world has ever known. It is a natural food and a wholesome medicine for both the hair and scalp. **Even a 25c bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a gallon of any other hair tonic ever made. It shows results from the very start.**

NOW at all druggists in three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1. per bottle

FREE. To show how quickly **Danderine** acts we will send a large sample free by return mail to any one who sends this advertisement to the **Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago,** with their name and address and 10 cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

BELLE of VIRGINIA
BLENDED RYE

Do you enjoy a high ball now and then? If you do, remember the very next time you drink one to ask for Belle of Virginia Rye Whiskey. It makes a smooth, delightful drink; one which you will enjoy and one which will do you good. It's blended from pure, old whiskies—a rare, delicate blend that will appeal to the most discriminating taste. Don't forget to try it—those whom it pleases once it will please always.

Sold at the places where gentlemen go to get a drink.

J. & E. MAHONEY
Portsmouth Virginia

"The HIGH BALL YOU HEAR ABOUT"

PIGEON GIN,

Endorsed by Physicians and Sanitariums as an ideal drink for the Kidneys and Bladder.

SQUARE DEAL

The finest old blended whiskey on the market. Price $1.00 the quart; household necessity.

Morris Distilling Co.

6 S. Front St., Wilmington. P. O. Box 243

'Phone your order—we deliver the goods.

fe 3 tf

The Morning Star.

Friday, March 8, 1907.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Weather Bureau.
Wilmington, March 8, 1907.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., Thursday March 7.

Temperature at 8 A. M., 34 degrees; at 8 P. M., 44 degrees; maximum, 44 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees; mean, 38 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .01; rainfall for the month, .43 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear River at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Wednesday 10 feet.

Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Friday except rain in northeast portion, warmer; Saturday fair, light to fresh south winds shifting to northwest.

Port Almanac—March 8.

Sun rises .....6:22 A. M.
Sun Sets .....6:01 P. M.
Day's length 11 hours and 27 minutes.
High water at Southport 2:26 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 5:06 P. M.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. H. T. Bryan, of Tarboro, was among yesterday's arrivals.

—Mr. J. G. Broadnax, of Greensboro, N. C., is a guest at The Orton.

—E. L. Larkins and wife, of Burgaw, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Messrs. C. H. Petteway and H. S. Cochran, of Jacksonville, N. C., were guests at The Orton yesterday.

—Mr. P. D. Gold, Jr., of Greensboro, was among yesterday's arrivals at The Orton.

—Mr. J. R. Alford, of Alford Bros., Sanford, S. C., made business calls in the city yesterday.

—Mr. Leo Loeb, the well known traveling representative of Mendleson & Sons, Albany, N. Y., is at The Orton.

—Mr. C. E. Haskett, representing the Wells-Whitehead Tobacco Company, of Wilson, is in the city calling on the trade.

—Mrs. C. H. Heide, of Asheville, N. C., arrived Wednesday morning and is a guest of Mr. A. S. Heide and family, on Orange street.

—Capt. David Jones, of Fayetteville, formerly a popular engineer on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, arrived in the city last evening on a visit. He was a welcome caller at The Star Office last night.

—Mr. J. A. Patterson, wife and two little sons, G. L. and Gordon Patterson, of Stockton, Cal., and Miss Margaret Baldwin, of Maxton, arrived yesterday and are guests at The Orton. Mr. Patterson and family have been spending some time at Maxton with relatives and came down to Wilmington to go to the Atlantic ocean, completing their trip from the Pacific to this side of the continent.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The Academy offered last night "The Sweetest Girl in Dixie," a very clever story very prettily told. The audience was not large but was very appreciative of the delightful Southern sentiment which pervaded the lines.

—The roof of the Lighthouse, at Wrightsville Sound, was partially destroyed by fire Wednesday about noon. A defective flue is thought to have caused the blaze. The damage amounts to about $100 and is covered by insurance.

—A meeting of the members of the Disciples or Christian Church will be held at the Rountree House, at 121 Market street, this evening at 8 o'clock. All members and those interested are urged to be present. State Secretary Walker will address the meeting.

—Mr. J. L. Middleton's Sunday Schol class (Bladen Street M. E. Church, South) will give an ice-cream supper tonight at the residence of Mr. Geoge. W. Matthews, 815 North Third street. The class will be glad to serve its friends from 7 to 11 o'clock and promises them a good time.

—From deeds filed for record yesterday the following real estate transfers appear: Addie M. Penny to Frederick Graham, for $1,200, property on north side of Rankin, 33 feet east of Anderson street, 70x140 feet in size. Richard A. Burnett and wife to Wilmington Suburban Company, for $100 and other considerations, property on west side of Third, 231 feet south of Marstilar street, 99x135 feet in size, more or less.

Not Guilty as Charged.

The charge of embezzlement against the young man, R. J. Swain, in Justice Bornemann's court yesterday was withdrawn by Mr. J. C. King, of the Wilmington Pressing Club, by whom he was employed as collector. Mr. Swain was discharged.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over 60 years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other.
GUARANTEED UNDER THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, JUN 30th, 1906, SERIAL NUMBER 1098.
tu-th-sa-tf.

Worked Like a Charm.

Mr. D. N. Walker, editor of that spicy journal, the Enterprise, Louisa, Va., says: "I ran a nail in my foot last week and at once applied Bucklen's Arinca Salve. No inflammation followed: the salve simply healed the wound." Heals every sore, burn and skin disease. Guaranteed at R. R. Bellamy's, Druggist. 25c.

PROBLEMS OF SPACE

ENIGMAS THAT SCIENCE IS STRIVING TO SOLVE.

The Question of an Infinity of Worlds and Their Distribution In an Infinity of Space—Distance of the Nearest External Universe.

There can be no subject more calculated to impress a man's mind with his own insignificance compared with the overwhelming power and glory of his Creator than the study and contemplation of the firmament in all its boundless infinity. It is not to be wondered at that from the earliest ages the subject has never failed to exercise a fascination over men and that those who by their genius and learning have most nearly succeeded in solving its mysteries have always been reverenced and esteemed to be among the wisest men of their day. More has been done within the last fifty years than in all the rest of the world's history toward the piercing of the veil which shuts off from our eyes the beauties and mysteries of faroff realms, and doubtless by means of the spectroscope and increased size in the lenses of our telescopes we shall be enabled before long to unravel still more secrets of the universe.

The question as to whether space is finite or infinite can never be satisfactorily argued out or indeed even thought of, for the human mind is incapable of grasping the existence of a limit to space, even in its most abstract form, but the question of the infinity of worlds and their distribution in the infinity of space lies more closely within the scope of human intellect, for we have many material facts and calculations to go upon in discovering the probable answer to this most fascinating question.

Only as far back as the seventeenth century astronomers placed the number of stars in the universe as a little over 1,000, but this was absurd, as the real number visible to the naked eye is about 7,000, and perhaps treble that number can be seen by persons with exceptionally good eyesight. When the heavens, however, are examined through a telescope the number of visible stars is enormously increased. In fact, it has been calculated that the most powerful reveals as many as 100,000,000! Yet what is that vast number compared with infinity? It cannot even be likened to a grain of sand on the seashore, and yet if we think the matter out carefully we shall see that the number of visible stars cannot really be infinite, for if they were the heavens would be a complete blaze of light. This, of course, we know is far from being the case, and indeed there cannot be any doubt that in certain parts of the heavens at least the number of visible stars is already known, for even with the very strongest telescopes there are blank spaces which are absolutely devoid of stars below a certain magnitude or even the veriest trace of nebulous light.

These spaces are known to astronomers by the name of "coal sacks." They contain no stars fainter than the twelfth magnitude and, in fact, appear to mark those parts of the universe which are comparatively thin. On the other hand, in other parts of the heavens we have not by any means reached the limit of telescopic resolvability. It is curious, though, that these intensely dark "holes" in the bright empyrean are mostly to be found in those parts of the heavens where most stars abound, notably in the Milky Way.

These remarkable blank spots have been a favorite theme of discussion and argument among all astronomers, for, whatever the real shape or distribution of that universe may be, they point to the almost certain inference that in a particular direction at least there is an actual limit to the number of stars, and if there is a limit in one direction we have every right to suppose that such is the case in others, and that we have only to wait for telescopes strong enough to resolve those parts which are still unresolvable to discover that a point can be reached when all the stars of the universe are unfolded to our gaze.

If, now, we admit that the number of visible stars is limited, the next question to be asked is, What is the order or shape of their distribution? Various astronomers have had various theories about this matter. Herschel was inclined to think that the visible universe was in the shape of a disk, though his views in this direction were considerably modified during the later part of his life. Struve considered that the universe was in the shape of a disk of limited thickness, but infinite length, a theory which is hard to support, as, unless the ultimate extinction of light in space is believed in, that part of the heavens which lay toward the plane of the disk would necessarily shine with the brightness of the sun. Proctor, though finding it impossible to define any particular shape for the visible universe, as a whole, was of the opinion that the brightest part of it—namely, the Milky Way—was in the form of a spiral. This latter theory, however, has many objections to contend with. Other astronomers have had different theories on this question, but all, or nearly all, appear to admit an ultimate limit to the size of the visible universe, or, in other words, believe that the galaxy of worlds which surround us form, in fact, but an islet in the vast infinity of space.

It would appear at first sight that any attempt to solve the question of the existence of external galaxies and their distance was absolutely futile, yet such is not the case. The result of calculation is that the nearest external universe is so far distant that light from it traveling at the speed of 186,000 miles a second would take nearly 90,000,000 years to reach us!—Chambers' Journal.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

(Continued From First Page.)

pay of jurors in Bladen; to take Surry county from the Eighth Congressional District, and put it in the Fifth District.

The Senate took up as the special order the pending anit-trust bills. Senator Burton resumed discussion of the measure, opposing the bills as dangerous to the business interests of the State. He was followed by Senator Aycock, who advocated committee bill and House substitute offered by Senator Graham, advised moderation and urged that the anti-trust act be so adjusted as to regulate and not to drive out of State important industries.

At 11 o'clock the Senate took recess until 9:30 tomorrow, the trust bill to come up as a special order for 10:30.

The House devoted the night session principally to a discussion of Lockhart's bill, requiring foreign insurance companies to invest the legal reserve in North Carolina bonds. Principal advocates of the measure were Lockhardt, Royster and Speaker Justice. A number of amendments were offered, but finally the whole matter was tabled. A bill was introduced by Dr. Gordon, and passed within five minutes, directing the directors of the State prison to turn into the State treasury the $175,000 surplus on hand. The House adjourned a 10:45 until 9:30 tomorrow.

GEO. W. PERKINS DISGORGES.

Returns $54,019.19 Taken From Insurance Co. to Elect Roosevelt.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—George W. Perkins, former first vice president of the New York Life Insurance Company, and now a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., has sent to the New York Life his personal check for $54,019.19 to reimburse the company for the Republican campaign contribution made from its funds in 1904, in connection with which Mr. Perkins was recently made defendant on a charge of larceny. Announcement of the restitution of the principal of $48,500, and interest to date was made today by President Alexander E. Orr of the New York Life, to whom Mr. Perkins yesterday, before leaving on a trip to the South, addressed a letter enclosing the check. President Orr also gave out the letter. In it Mr. Perkins declares that in dismissing the criminal proceedings against him the court intimated that the campaign contribution was not for proper corporate purpose.

He again asserts that he was acting upon a request of the then president of the New York Life when he advanced the money for the campaign contribution in 1904, and says that when the then president of the company reimbursed him there was no thought on the part of either of any personal advantage, but a belief that they were 'acting for the best and broadest interests of the policy-holders, both at home and abroad."

The letter follows:

"In 1904, at the request of the then president of the company, I advanced $48,500 as a payment on behalf of the New York Life Insurance Company to the Republican National Campaign Committee. I did this with the understanding with the president that I should be reimbursed by the company. Subsequently I was so reimbursed. The payment was made without any thought on the part of the president or myself of personal advantage, but solely in the belief that it was for the best and broadest interests of the policyholders, both at home and abroad.

"In dismissing the criminal proceedings instituted against me for accepting reimbursement, the courts have intimated that the payment and, therefore, the reimbursement was not for a proper corporate purpose. I, therefore, return to the company the amount of money paid by it to me, inclosing herewith my check for $54,019.19, to cover principal and interest.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

Pazo Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

ADVERTISEMENT FOR PROPOSALS.

Wilmington, N. C., March 7, Wilmington, N. C., March 7, 1907.

Sealed proposals will be received at this building until 2 o'clock P. M., March 22nd, 1907, for furnishing fuel, lights, water, ice, miscellaneous supplies, washing towels, hauling ashes, and sprinkling streets for this building during the fiescal year ending June 30, 1908, or such portion of the year as may be deemed advisable. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the Treasury Department.

B. F. KEITH,
Custodian.

mch 8 eod-2t

To the Heirs of Lucretia Clinton.

Take notice that I purchased from the City of Wilmington and from the County of New Hanover January 10th, 1906, at sale of land for non payment of taxes assessed for the year 1905, part of Lot No. 4, in Block No. 6, listed in the name of the heirs of Lucretia Clinton, and if the same is not redeemed according to law within one year from date of purchase I will apply for a deed to said property.

THOS. W. DAVIS,
dec 7 jan 7, feb 7, mar 7

ALDERMAN—FIFTH WARD.

I hereby announce myself as candidate for re-election as Alderman from the Fifth Ward, subject to the action of the Democratic primary to be held March 13th.

W. W. KING.

fe 10 su we fr1tf

OPENING MARCH 7TH & 8TH. **J. H. Rehder & Co.** THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE OPENING MARCH 7TH & 8TH.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
615, 617, 619 N. FOURTH ST.

Early Spring Opening
Thursday
and
Friday
Of This Week.

Grand Exhibition of Pattern Hats
Millinery Novelties and
Dress Fabrics
Evening Reception Friday 8 to 10.
Come and Bring Your Friends.

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE

OPENING MARCH 7TH & 8TH. **J. H. Rehder & Co.** THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE OPENING MARCH 7TH & 8TH.

mch 5 tf

The new battleship Georgia arrived in Hampton Roads yesterday from Boston. She will proceed in a few days to Savannah to receive her silver service from the State of Georgia.

Call for City Primary.

The qualified Democratic voters of the city of Wilmington in the County of New Hanover and of the State of North Carolina are notified that on March 13th 1907, a primary election will be held in the aforesaid city for the purpose of nominating the following officers:

Mayor,

Two members of the Board of Aldermen from each of the five wards of the aforesaid city.

Should any of the candidates for the office of Mayor fail to get a majority of the votes cast, then on Friday March 15th, 1907, a second primary election shall be held at which time the two candidates for mayor who received the highest number of votes shall be voted for; and in the event there is no nomination for either of the two Aldermen in any ward of the city, then and in that event the three candidates receiving the largest number of votes in the first primary shall be declared eligible to enter the second primary, which will be held on Friday, March 15th, 1907. In the event that in any ward there shall be a nomination for one member of the Board of Aldermen and not for another, in the first primary; then the candidate receiving the majority shall be declared the nominee and the two receiving the next highest vote shall then be eligible to enter the second primary before provided for.

The registration books for additional registration shall be open at the places named below commencing Monday omrning, March 4th and closing Saturday, March 9th both inclusive and shall be kept open during that period daily from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M. During that time the books shall be open to inspection and a challenge of any person's right to vote in the aforesaid primary or primaries may be made. The registrars shall note the challenge and notify the person to appear to answer the charge on some day subsequent to the closing of the registration books, but previous to the primary to be held on March 13th. For the purpose of challenge the same qualification shall be required of a voter in said primary as are required in the general election.

On the day or days of the primary or primaries the polls will be open from sunrise to sunset.

The following will be the places of registration and polling places:

First Ward—Fourth Street Truck House.
Second Ward—At Old Court House.
Third Ward—At Giblem Lodge.
Fourth Ward—At Ice Factory on Dock Street.
Fifth Ward—Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder House.

By order of the Democratic City Executive Committee.

WOODUS KELLUM,
feb 20 wed fri tf Caairman.

ALDERMAN THIRD WARD.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman from the Third ward, subject to the will of the people, to be expressed in the Democratic primaries to be held on March 13.

f 12 eod D. RUSSELL FOSTER

Cooking Butter - 25c.
Table Butter - 30c.
AT THE
Palace Market,
mch8-tf Phone No. 72.

John H. Sweeney, for Alderman-2d Ward

feb 28 til mar 13.

FOR ALDERMAN.

I respectfully announce my mandidacy for Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the Democratic primary March 13th, and earnestly ask the support of my fellow citizens.

feb 24 td JAMES D. MOTE.

FOR MAYOR

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Mayor of the City of Wilmington and respectfully ask the support of the Democratic voters at the approaching primary. If nominated and elected, I promise to carry out the duties of the office impartially and with a view of promoting the general welfare and business prosperity of our City and its inhabitants.

Respectfully,

PARKER QUINCE MOORE.

fe 13-1m

ALDERMAN—FOURTH WARD.

The undersigned wish to present the name of Mr. W. A. French, Jr. to the voters of the Fourth Ward and ask for him their support in the approaching primary for Alderman.

J. H. HARDIN,
M. S. WILLARD,
J. W. MURCHISON,
M. J. CORBETT,
EDWD P. BAILEY,
H. W. MALLOY,
C. W. WORTH,
feb 15 1m. JAMES SPRUNT.

FOR ALDERMAN—FOURTH WARD.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman from the Fourth Ward subject to the will of the Democratic primary to be held on March 13th, promising, if elected, to fulfil every duty to my constituents.

J. McREE HATCH.

feb 15 1m.

FOR ALDERMAN—FOURTH WARD.

At the solicitation of some of my friends, I respectfully announce that I will be a candidate for Alderman from the Fourth Ward at the Democratic primaries to be held in this city on March 13th.

fe 17-tf . C. P. BOLLES, JR.

FOR ALDERMAN—THIRD WARD.

We, the undersigned voters of the Third Ward, do hereby present the name of Mr. S. J. Ellis as a candidate for Alderman from said Ward, and bespeak for him the support of the Democratic voters at the approaching primary. F. H. Fechtig, W. G. T. Keen, F. A. Muse, H. G. Fennell, John R. Hanby, Wm. Gilchrist, A. H. Morris, J. R. Lowenstein, W. C. Yarborough, W. N. Smithson, W. L. Parsley, S. H. Fishblate, W. H. Yopp, J. O. Powers.

feb 28 td*

ALDERMAN—FOURTH WARD.

The undersigned wish to present the name of Mr. C. H. Bornemann to the voters of the Fourth Ward, and ask for him their support in the approaching primary for Alderman.

R. W. Hicks, E. P. H. Strunck, R. R. Stone, A. S. Heide, C. W. Polvogt, F. E. Hashagen, J. C. Stevenson, J. M. Stevenson, L. Hansen, J. W. Craig.

fe 16-1m

FOR ALDERMAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the will of the people to be expressed in the Democratic Primaries to be held March 13th.

fe 13-1m pd JAMES A. LEWIS.

FOR ALDERMAN—THIRD WARD.

We, the undersigned voters of the Third Ward, do hereby present the name of Mr. I. M. Bear as a candidate for Alderman from said ward and bespeak for him the support of the Democratic voters at the approaching primary. This the 18th day of February, 1907.

Walker Taylor, L. B. Rogers, W. B. Cooper, C. C. Covington, Thomas H. Wright, L. Stein, W. E. Perdew, Jas. F. Woolvin, Marsden Bellamy, J. Weil, C. H. Dock, W. Goodman, O. H. Wright, J. Vanli Metts, R. R. Bellamy, J. R Currentine, J. A. Taylor, B. H. J. Ahrens, George Harriss, A. H Harriss M. F. H Gouverneur.

fe 19 till day.

FOR ALDERMAN.

To the voters of the First Ward I announce my candidacy for Alderman from that Ward and respectfully ask their votes. I will greatly appreciate their support and if elected, in accordance with the Democratic primary March 13th, I will serve faithfully and to the best of my ability.

J. F. SELLERS.

feb 19 til day

FOR ALDERMAN.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for alderman from the Third Ward, subject to the will of the voters in the Democratic primaries to be held March 13th, 1907. If elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties to the best of my ability.

R. H. NORTHROP.

fe 17-till mch 13

FOR ALDERMAN.

I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election as Alderman from the Fourth Ward, subject to the will of the voters in the Democratic primary to be held March 13th. If elected, I pledge myself to carry out the duties of the office conscientiously and to the best of my ability.

fe 16 1m WALTER E. YOPP.

FOR ALDERMAN—FIRST WARD.

At the solicitations of my friends and many citizens I have decided to become a candidate for re-election as Alderman from the First Ward, subject to the will of the voters in the Democratic primary to be held March 13th, and respectfully ask their support.

MARTIN RATHJEN.

feb 21 tf.

ALDERMAN—FIRST WARD.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for renomination as a member of the Board of Aldermen from the First Ward, subject to the will of the Democratic primaries to be held on the 13th, of March.

feb 23 td J A. KARR.

MARTIN O'BRIEN

For Alderman, Second Ward.

We the undersigned voters of the Second Ward hereby present the name of Martin O'Brien for re-election as Alderman, and ask for the support of the voters at the coming primary.

Matt J. Heyer, S. W. Sanders, H. G. Smallbones, J. G. L. Gieschen, J. Hicks Bunting, Chestnut & Barrentine, J. F. Divine, S. P. McNair, J. N. Fennell.

fe 20-till day

H. O. OATS.

H. O. BUCKWHEAT,
SUNBEAM AND HECKER'S BUCKWHEAT,
MAPLE AND VANILLA SYRUP.
NORTH CAROLINA BUCKWHEAT.
FRESH EGGS
PICKLED PIGS FEET.
PHONE 1052.

CROW & TAYLOR.

Grocers

jan. 10-tf.

AN ELEGANT AFFAIR

(Continued From Page 1.)

Line, who responded to the toast: "Railroads' True Relation to the Public," prefacing the introduction with an able presentation of the economics of transportation, Mr. Taylor referred to Mr. Emerson in the highest terms. He was received with perhaps the greatest applause of the evening. Mr. Emerson personally expressed his thanks to the Chamber of Commerce for the very elegant affair that had been arranged and referred to the desirability of greater social intercourse and a better understanding of one another in the hurly-burly of this business life. Mr. Emerson said:

The railroads owe to the public fair treatment and reasonable rates, and the very best service within their power to give. They should aid in building up the waste places, and give cooperation in all such undertakings as their abilities, and the laws of the land, per mit. Their rates should be just and reasonable; should not be unjustly discriminative, and should be impartially applied.

I believe most railroads, especially those in the South, fully recognize the above, and the officers and agents charged with the conduct of railroad affairs earnestly strive to meet all reasonable, and at times what they may think unreasonable, demands of public They realize that their existence depends upon the patronage of the public, and full justice to the public is essential in securing its patronage, and its good opinion. All they should ask in return is justice. They should neither ask nor accept favors.

The interests of the public and railroads are mutual, and the success of one must be the success of the other; and failure of the one the failure of the other.

We have been for some time passing through a period of great agitation against corporations, especially railroad corporations. We read in the daily papers and magazines the expression of many people condemning and abusing corporation. That there is justification for some of the charges I frankly admit; but that all are true I as firmly deny. That there are bad corporations, as the term "bad" is used in these days, I think no one will deny, and that laws should be passed and enforced to punish their wrong doings is not ony a right, but a duty; but to assume that all are bad is as unjust as to call the entire human race murderers because some commit murder. Railroads should be regulated by proper laws; but should be protected in their rights, and laws should be "corrective," not "destructive," but the popular idea today appears to be to abuse corporations, pass adverse and drastic laws; penalizing them for faults real and imaginary; requiring them to do certain things, and then taking from them the wherewithal to do it.

A law passed by your present legislature reducing passenger rates on certain roads in North Carolina, when applied to the traffic in question will cost the roads of your State hundreds of thousands of dollars and would cost the Atlantic Coast Line based on last year's movement over $200,000.00, and at the same time your Railroad Commission is ordering us to increase the number of passenger trains and build new passenger stations.

The duty of the public to the railroads is to see that they are justly treated, and this duty should be yours, the Chamber of Commerce of this, and other cities, as they are the organizations representing the commercial interests of the country.

There is a most remarkable wave of prosperity going over this good land of ours, probably without parallel in the history of the world. Are railroads sharing in this prosperity? The statistics of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company for the past nineteen months will answer this question so far as its road is concerned. They show that for the nineteen months ending January 31st., 1907, its gross earnings increased over the previous nineteen months, $3,960,861.00, and the expense (not including investments for equipment, and similar items charged to capital account) increased $4,823,837.00, showing that while "prosperity" brought in nearly four million dollars additional revenue, the same "prosperity" took away in the way of increased wages, increased cost of material, etc., nearly five million dollars, so for the last nineteen months, the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company's share in the "prosperity' is represented by minus $862,976.00.

There is another phase of this question, which possibly has not occurred to you. It is natural for those who have not had time to analize the subject to believe that the present great volume of traffic is created wholly by the merchant, the farmer, the fruit grower, etc., it will probably surpise you to know that a material percentage is created by the railroads, in their efforts to meet the demand for more equipment, heavier rails, increased terminal facilities, etc.

To illustrate:

Our company has ordered in the last two and half years 10,500 freight cars, 119 passenger equipment cars, 197 locomotives, the weight of which amounts to about 400,000,000 pounds, making 10,225 carloads of 20 tons per car of material which is hauled by some road, and the finished product represents 10,816 cars and locomotives that are hauled to the points of delivery.

Besides we have ordered within the same period 60,000 tons of steel rail, which means 1,500 cars of 40 tons capacity, which combined with locomotives and cars makes a tonnage from these items of about 23,000 cars.

This does not include material received for repairing old equipment, and other material and supplies of various kinds, which is probably greater in the aggregate than the figures given above.

The coal consumed as fuel by the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company amounts to about 1,500 cars, 100,000 pounds capacity per month, or 45,000 in the period of two and half years referred to above. All of this coal is hauled by roads reaching the coal fields, and after delivery to us must be hauled various distances; some of it as great as 800 miles, in order to reach the point of consumption.

A railroad has but one source of revenue—that which it derives from the sale of transportation. It, like others, must pay the increased price of material and labor, and it is not only refused the privilege of increasing its charges for transportation under such conditions; but laws have recently been passed, and are being proposed for passage, that materially reduce its charges, and at the same time penalty laws have been created to absorb the revenue we are permitted to collect.

Is it fair to say to a railroad—you can only charge so much for your commodity of transportation; and for this you must move it a certain distance within a fixed period, regardless of conditions or pay a heavy penalty, in addition to all actual damages the owner may have sustained?

Thus you will see the candle is burning at both ends, and unless corrected the result is certainly apparent to you all.

The public is demanding increased facilities, increased and better equipment, improved stations and more of them, and the railroads have been, and are earnestly trying to provide for all these ,and as a matter of interest to you, I will quote statistics showing the action of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company in this direction:

During the past three and a half years it has purchased new equipment (all of which has not been received, but is contracted for delivery during this year) to the value of $15,805,479.63, and has spent in additions and betterments, for yards, terminals, new stations, heavier rail, signal towers and plants, double tracking, etc., $6,169,759.48, which amount does not include two million dollars additional authorized, but not expended up to the present time, owing to scarcity of material, and inability to secure efficient labor.

To bring it a little closer home, I would state of these amounts there has been spent in and for the benefit of the properties in North Carolina for betterments and equipment, over five million dollars and of the unexpended balance $250,000.00 is for expenditure in this State. This, remember, is in addition to the increased cost of operation.

On July 1st, 1902, the road owned 13,157 freight cars of all classes; on March 1st, 1907, 20,774, and contracts have been made, for delivery this year, for 5,269, making a total of 26,043, or practically 100 per cent. increase. Locomotives owned on July 1st, 1902, 435; on March 1st, 1907, 606, contracted for delivery during this year, 80. Total, 686, an increase of nearly 60 per cent. in number of engines, representing an increase in tractive power of over 100 per cent.

As illustrating the increase in cost of material, etc., I would state that about three years ago flat cars cost $375 to $400, now they cost from $750 to $800; box cars cost from $500 to $550, now they cost $900 to $1,000, passenger coaches cost from $4,000 to $5,000, now they cost $8,000; locomotives that cost from $9,000 to $10,000, now cost from $13,500 to $14,500. Every item we buy has increased within same period from at least 15 to 40 per cent. Our pay rolls, representing wages paid employes, increased in December, 1906, over December, 1905, $127,507.29, or 19.12 per cent.

The agitation and adverse legislation referred to above has made it impossible for a railroad company, no matter how solvent, to secure on any reasonable basis further money for additions and improvements, and I note from the daily papers that many roads in the West and Northwest have been compelled to stop all improvements and developments, except those actually contracted for, and for which the money had already been provided; and it must appear to you gentlemen that other roads will be forced into similar action—not because they do not want to continue this great work, but because they are unable to buy material and labor without money, and they are unable to procure money for this purpose.

I am glad to say I have always found this body earnest and active in the interest of fairness and justice; but it is necessary that the conservative element of this country; an element that is the real foundation of its greatness, to pause and consider in all its phases the present situation, and to apply the proper remedy.

Mr. Emerson was given very close attention and there is not a shadow of a doubt that his address made a deep impress upon those who heard him.

Mr. Taylor was exceptionally complimentary in introducing Hon. R. H. Edmonds, of Baltimore, editor of the Manufacturers' Record. He referred to the recent article by Mr. Edmonds on the progress of the South, and referred to him as probably the highest authority on the industrial progress of the South. Mr. Edmonds has an attractive personality and is a very graceful speaker. His subject was "The Old South as an Inspiration for the Present South." Mr. Edmonds' address was deep, comprehensive and a fine treatise of the subject in hand. He was frequently applauded. Mr. Edmonds' speech was ornate, pleasing. It is regretted that space this morning forbids the publication of the address in full as had been expected.

Mr. Taylor said if he were not a Southerner after the address of Mr. Edmonds he would ask to be naturalized. He introduced Hon. John H. Small, Congressman from the First North Carolina District as the "Man We Need," which by the way, was the subject of his address. Mr. Small paid high tribute to Wilmington, to the Chamber of Commerce and to the president of that body. His remarks in the latter respect were cheered to the echo. Mr. Small is a man of action, an agreeable speaker, a student of affairs. He referred in the highest terms to President Emerson of the Atlantic Coast Line and his speech just delivered. He also was exceedingly complimentary to Mr. Edmonds, of the Manufacturers' Record, by way of introduction. Mr. Small told a story that relieved the serious part of the discussion and then took up his subject proper. Mr. Small's response was a gem of eloquence, a clear analysis of the best in American citizenship. His discourse was one of the most able, the most conservative and one of the best that was heard during the entire evening. Mr. Small, always popular in Wilmington, added fresh laurels to his crown by his discourse last night. As was remarked by one of the banqueters "There's Nothing 'Small' about him but his name." It was just so.

Mr. Taylor introduced Governor Glenn as a man "who is always with us in sympathy," who had been given a broad subject because he was a big man and should have been given a place at the head of the programme. If he had been a Legislator, the toastmaster said he would have three things passed—to prohibit compulsory pilotage, appoint the present Board of Audit and Finance to succeed themselves and to give the Governor his expenses for all the travelling that he wanted to do outside the State. He gave the Governor carte blanche to say all he wanted to just so he didn't mention compulsory pilotage and the Board of Audit and Finance.

Governor Glenn responded to the toast, "North Carolina and the Cape Fear Section—Its Past, Present and Future." He was vigorous in his discourse, witty and eloquent. He was applauded again and again in a beautiful eulogy of the South and North Carolina. Gov. Glenn paid a high tribute to the men of the Cape Fear and the womanhood of the State. The Governor was heard with the greatest interest and there can be no doubt of the enthusiasm of his reception. The Governor referred to the criticism of him for not coming to Wilmington on previous occasions, but he said there were 97 counties in the State, and it was impossible for him to be in 97 different places at one and the same time. He was friendly to Wilmington and to Wilmington's interests and he was always at the beck and call of Wilmington to go anywhere and everywhere that would result in the promotion of this city and its commercial and industrial interests. He humorously criticized Wilmington for being divided on every question and told a little story of Booker Washington that brought down the house. The chief executive made a fine impression. As the Governor concluded, the orcehstra struck up "Dixie," and the banqueters arose and cheer after cheer ascended in honor of the chief executive.

Mr. Taylor proposed a toast to "Governor R. B. Glenn, friend of Wilmington." and it was drank heartily.

There were loud calls for "Patterson!" "Patterson!!" and the toastmaster introduced the retiring congressman from the Sixth District of North Carolina. Mr. Patterson responded in a modest speech, expressing pleasure at the opportunity of coming again to Wilmington. He said he had not come to Wilmington to make a speech. He did not think it was proper for him to make a speech, especially since an embargo had been declared on pilotage. He then explained his position on the question as affecting the national law introduced in the last Congress. He loved Wilmington and Wilmington's interests, and he would never pursue a course otherwise. The only request he had to make was to include him on the invitation list of the next annual banquet. He wanted to offend no one. If he could serve the people of Wilmington further, his postoffice would be "Maxton, N. C."

Mr. Arringdale was called out and made an exceedingly happy speech, telling an anecdote of a Frenchman, who was pressed into service to make a speech. Mr. Arringdale made a characteristic speech, which was one of the real features of the banquet.

Capt. C. B. Smith, of the Army Post at Fort Caswell, was called out and made a neat speech that was highly appreciated.

Hon. John H. Small proposed a toast to the honor of the hosts of the evening, "The old South." Mr. Taylor responded and announced the great regret at the fact that ex-Governor D. C. Heyward, of Suoth Carolina, was unable to be present. The banquet adjourned shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, after one of the most delightful affairs in the history of the Chamber of Commerce.

The Menu.

The banquet was served in elaborate style by Manager Hinton, of The Orton, the service having been first-class, and the menu a tempting one, indeed. Excellent music was discoursed during the festive hours by Kneissel's Academy Orchestra, which is always at its best. The menu was as follows:

Bluepoints Martini
Celeri Amandes Salees

Planked Shad au Beurre
Pommes Julienne Sauterne
Tomatoe Concombres

Filet of Mignon aux Champignons
Lettuce Mumms
Asperges Vinaigrette
Spring Chicken Maitre de Hotel
Creme Pommes Petit Pois

Salade A la Orton

Ice Cream en Form
Petit Foure Assortis
Roquefort Toasted Crackers
Cigars
El Principe de Gales
Cream de Menthe

The banquet committee was composed of Messrs. L. B. Rogers, chairman; M. F. H. Gourveneur, John H. Rehder, I. M. Bear and Colonel T. C. James, and they arranged every detail of the affair in most delightful manner.

Among the Guests.

Among the distinguished guests and Wilmington business men in attendance upon the banquet were: His Excellency, Hon. R. B. Glenn, of North Carolina; Hon. R. H. Edmonds, of Baltimore, editor of the Manufacturers' Record; Hon. Hannibal L. Godwin, Congressman from the Sixth North Carolina District; Hon. John H. Small, from the First North Carolina District; Mr. T. M. Emerson, president of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company; Capt. C. B. Smith, Capt. S. H. Mould, Lieutenants W. R. Harris, Wm. Smart, R. H. Williams and L. Cravens, of the army post, United State Army, at Fort Caswell; President J. A. Taylor, Vice President S. P. McNair, Secretary and Treasurer James Kyle and Messrs. R. A. Parsley, M. F. H. Gouverneur and M. S. Willard, members of the Executive Committee, Wilmington Chamber of Commerce; Messrs. Hugh MacRae, T. C. James, John H. Rehder, James H. Chadbourn, R. A. Brand, Charles N. Evans, Sam Bear, Jr., B. F. Hall, John E. Crow, Geo. R. French, P. Pearsall, E. Borden, J. C. Stevenson, W. M. Cumming, J. A. Springer, Jesse Wilder, T. D. Love, T. J. Pratt, B. R. Hoshall, Charles J. Mitchell, J. S. Funchess, R. H. Pickett, William Gilchrist, I. Bluementhal, L. E. Hall, Gen. Jas. I. Metts, Jas. S. Williams, F. E. Hashagen, E I. Bear, Jos. W. Yates, T. S. McManus, J. W. Murchison, H. G. Smallbones, Walter Smallbones, C. L. Dickinson, Adolph G. Ahrens, J. A. McJoachy, H. Woollcott, Jas. L. Robertson, U. M. Robinson, Dr. C. P. Bolles, Maj. E. W. VanC. Lucas, Wm. E. Worth, Col. Walker Taylor, Clayton Giles, Jr., M. W. Jacobi, F. A. Fetter, P. R. Albright H. W. Malloy, Isadore Bear, W. G. Sale, B. F. Keith, John H. Brown, A. W. Anderson, J. M. Coin, J. A. Arringdale, E. P. Bailey, T. P. Bagley, Wm. E. Perdew, W. H. Newell, M. J. Corbett, W. J. Craig, J. C. Springer, S. A. Schloss, D. McEachern, H. L. Vollers, James F. Post, C. C. Covington, W. B. Cooper, C. R. Brinkley, N. M. McEachern, Henry Bear, C. W. Yates, W. H. McEachern, J. K. Corbett, Mr. Adrocedies, W. A. French, Jr., Graham Kenan, R. C. Merritt, W. H. Sprunt, J. T. King, and Messrs Jas. H. Cowan, Benj. Bell, Jr., and J. E. Thompson, representing the press.

The right of local authorities to use the jails for detaining immigrants under sentence of deportation was protested against at New Orleans yesterday in a letter from the Italian consul, threatening action by his government if necessary to prevent such an occurrence. Several foreigners were kept in jail under these circumstanees a few months ago. The expected arrival on Saturday next of six hundred Italian immigrants prompted the consul's communication.

Five negro employes were killed in a wreck on a log road near Sunset Mills, Ga., yesterday. Three others were seriously injured. The train consisting of flat cars, was backing out when it struck a tree across the track. The scene of the accident is near the town of Moultrie.

How to Remain Young.

To continue young in health and strength, do as Mrs. N. F. Rowan, McDonough, Ga., did. She says: "Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured me of cronic liver and stomach trouble, complicated with such an unhealthy condition of the blood that my skin turned red as flannel. I am now practically 20 years younger than before I took Electric Bitters. I can now do all my work with ease and assist in my husband's store." Guaranteed at R. R. Bellamy's Drug store. Price 50c.

OLD AGE

IS BOUND

to come to all—there's no escaping it, but there is a way of preparing to meet it—to have every necessity, even comfort, with which to enjoy old age—that way is to SAVE MONEY while young!

Hundreds are quietly paving the way for comfort in later life by depositing their savings at our Savings Bank regularly.

Can you afford not to do likewise?

4 per cent. interest paid on savings, compounded quarterly.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Company,

Southern Building, Opposite the Post Office.

mch 6 tf

To Day IS THE TIME

to start a bank account with us. The man or woman who puts off till tomorrow rarely saves a dollar.

There's always a future to come. If you've saved a part of your earnings for that future, you'll feel you've done the right thing.

YOU GET 4 PER CENT. INTEREST ON EVERY DOLLAR YOU SAVE HERE.

The Peoples Savings Bank

Orton Hotel Building.
Branch: 704 N. 4th St.

H. C. McQueen, President; M. J. Corbett, Vice President; F. W. Dick, Cashier.

mch 3-tf

GAS!

GAS!

GAS!

Use it for
Cooking
Heating
Lighting

Ask for the New Inverted Light.

mch7-3t

Vulcan Engine and Machine Co.

Is now prepared to execute all kinds of Engine and Machine work on short notice.

We furnish estimates on Boiler, Engine, Machine, Forging, and Cast Iron work.

Our intention is to give Wilmington an Engineering Works second to none in the South, and by honest dealing and good workmanship to secure the patronage of machine owners generally.

Works located at Second and Brunswick Streets. 'Phone 1024.

J. L. GRAFFLIN. J. A. LOCKFAW. W. P. CARROLL.

TO THE PUBLIC:

It is not a fact that these works have stopped for a single day. We can take care of all work with promptness and have the best equipment of any establishment in this section of the country.

Cape Fear Machine Works,

B. W. NEWKIRK, Foreman.

feb 19 tf

On Top!

You see it every where, looking you in the face—appealing to quality buyers. It stands for quality.

"TIDAL WAVE" FLROU

Handle the greatest flour—no doubt about it in our mind—it means more business and increased sales. Experience compels acknowledgement.

"TIDAL WAVE" FLOUR.

Does the business for others—why not for you? — You can't get away from it—it is universally popular and of the highest quality is

"TIDAL WAVE" FLOUR.

Come only out at high class milling, hence it's wonderful demand.

F. E. HASHAGEN CO.

Agents for the Mills.

The Jones House.

Atkinson, N. C.

Is Now Open for the Patronage of the Public.

Board by the Day, Week or Month.

Special Attention to ravelling Men.

Rates, Reasonable.

MRS. J. B. JONES, Prop.

MULLETS!

200 BARRELS LARGE MULLETS.
200 BARRELS SMALL MULLETS.
ALSO FULL LINE OF GROCERIES AT LOW PRICES.

Samuel Bear, Sr. & Sons,

18 Market St. Wilmington, N. C.

fe 6-tf

Office Supplies

Filing and Records Systems,

Loose Leaf Devices.

The Fox Typewriter.

Blank Books, Etc.

R. C. DeRosset,

Bookseller and Stationer.

fe 23-tf

Seed Potatoes

All Kinds
WHITE BLISS,
RED BLISS,
BOVEE,
EARLY ROSE,
PRIDE OF THE SOUTH.

We have also a few bushels of extra fine Golden Dent Seed Corn grown in this section last year from Western seed. General line of heavy Groceries, Fertilizers of all kinds. Lime and Cement.

THE WORTH CO.

fe 9-tf

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

—The 1907 Convention of the North Carolina Bankers' Association will be held in Durham, N. C., on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, May 22, 23 and 24. Headquarters, Hotel Carrolina.

—Washington, N. C., March 6: The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad is putting in a double track on Third street from Gladden street up as far as Bridge street. This is done in order to afford better facilities in handling freight.

—Wilson, March 6: Sheriff Sharpe returned Tuesday night on the shoofly from Richmond with his prisoner, Jesse Rurfey, wanted here for the killing of another darkey some weeks ago. Jesse came without requisition papers, as he told Justice Crutchfied in Richmond. "If I's gwine to be hung now is as good a time as any."

—Sampson Democrat: Probably no man in the county keeps more on a level with the world in a financial way than Mr. D. A. McLemore, of McDaniels. He pays cash as he goes, and one day last week sold a lot of cotton in Clinton, some of which was 3 years old. Wish all our people could get in such a position so that they would not need to buy anything on a credit.

—Sampson Democrat: There will be a union revival in Clinton the approaching summer, expected to begin about the 3rd Sunday in June, at the tobacco warehouse on McKoy street; this being an agreement among the churches of the town; several prominent ministers will be here, though the Rev. J. T. Jenkins, of Wilson, has been invited to conduct it, by agreement, and has accepted. He is an able preacher.

—Washington, N. C., March 6: Washington is to have an electric street railway in the near future. At a meeting of the board of aldermen last evening a franchise was granted the Washington Investment Company, to construct and operate an electric street railway. The work is to commence in the next eighteen months and must be completed within three years from date. There will be four miles of track run through the principal streets.

—Elizabeth City, March 6: A large number of representative citizens of the city gathered at the court house last night to discuss the matter of petitioning the Legislature to empower the city to establish a dispensary. A heated debate took place by both the temperance and whiskey forces. A motion to petition the Legislature for the dispensary was defeated and the meeting adjourned immediately afterward.

—Reidsville, N. C., March 6: Great apprehension exists here over passage or Reed Anti-trust bill before the North Carolina legislature. It is the general oponion that the law would drive the American Tobacco Company buyers from North Carolina markets, building up markets in other States at the expenses of ours. The Reidsville Tobacco Board of Trade and Young Men's Business Association held meetings today and passed strong resolutions in opposition to the bill. Senator Buxton was requested by telegraph to try to have the bill defeated in the Senate. Leading citizens here express the view that the bill will ruin the Reidsville market, especially by reason of close proximity to Danville.

—Raleigh News and Observer, March 7: The House Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns yesterday ordered by a unanimous vote an unfavorable report on the supplemental bill allowing the increased Board of County Commissioners of Sampson to hold an election for chairman in April. The bill was advocated by former State Senator H. A. Grady, of Sampson, while opposing it were Colonel George E. Butler and Mr. F. R. Cooper, of Sampson. The committee decided that it was unconstitutional and not needed to protect the interests of Sampson, to whose Board of County Commissioners four new members have just been added by the Legislature.

—Raleigh News and Observer, March 7: Rev. J. J. Hall, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church of Fayetteville, left early yesterday morning for his home, after spending the night with Mr. C. B. Edwards. Dr. Hall, who has been spending several days in Chase City, Va., for his health was called home to conduct the funeral of the late chief of Police Chason, who was shot and killed by the desperate negro, Tom Walker, and who was a member of the First Church. Dr. Hall's many friends in Raleigh and throughout the State will be delighted to know that his health has greatly improved. He was formerly pastor of the Tabernacle Baptist church and is one of the strongest preachers in the State.

NATURE PROVIDES FOR SICK WOMEN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

a more potent remedy in the roots and herbs of the field than was ever produced from drugs.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers few drugs were used in medicines and Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., in her study of roots and herbs and their power over disease discovered and gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value.

During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful functions, weakness, displacements, ulceration or inflammation, backache, flatulency, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No other remedy in the country has such a record of cures of female ills, and thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound and what it has done for them.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. For twenty-five years she has been advising sick women free of charge. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and as her assistant for years before her decease advised under her immediate direction. Address, Lynn, Mass.

SPRING HATS

The Most Complete Line of Spring Hats Ever Shown in This City Now Ready For Your Inspection.

The kind of Hat you wear shows in a measure what you think of yourself.

At least that's the way the public sees it. If you could see yourself as they do, you would be more particular about your Hat.

Your mirror won't give you the gauge, so the safe way is to be particular.

We buy our Hats for particular men and price them for shrewd ones. Men's Hats from $1.00 to $5.00. We've many styles in Spring Hats you'll not find in other stores.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Masonic Temple Building. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SOLE AGENTS FOR DUNLAP HATS.

mch2-tf

STYLES change from season to season, new ideas become old; but in Queen Cotton Ties there is one never failing virtue: The element of refinement that appeals to the well-bred woman.

Easter Styles now Ready $2.00 and $2.50.

Solomon's Shoe Store.

mch 3-tf

1907 SPRING GOODS NOW ON DISPLAY

1907 SPRING GOODS NOW ON DISPLAY

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

"THE STORE THAT'S ALWAYS BUSY."

We now have on display the latest and best line of Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods that was ever brought to Wilmington; we invite every lady to visit us during this week to inspect our splendid assortment.

VOILES in Black and Navy at $1.25 and $1.50 yard.

NOVELTIES in Plaid and Checks 50c to $1.50 yard.

MOHAIR in Black, Navy and Fancy 50c to $1.00.

BATISTE in 9 different colors, special at 39c yard.

PANAMA, in Black, Navy, Plaids, Checks and Stripes 60c to $1.50 yard.

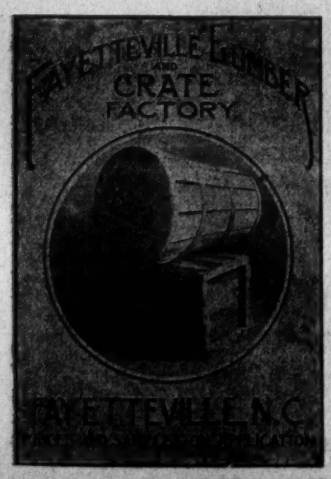
RAINPROOL CRAVENETTES, in Checks and Stripes.

Every Department is now bright with Fresh new goods and our lines are complete in every detail. We are agents for "Priestley's" Balck Dress Goods.

The C. W. Polvogt Company.

SOLE AGENTS LADIES HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS.

mch 3 tf



mch 6 3t

The Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON.

ORGANIZED MARCH, 1899.

CAPITAL ..... $500,000.00 Surplus $200.000.00

Stockholders' Liability $500,000.00..

Largest business of any single Bank in North Carolina, but with every requirement necessary to take care of more.

Large Capital, growing surplus, strength, safety, liberality.

Every customer can rely on careful consideration of his wants.

fe 21-tf

Wood! Wood!

500 cords best oak, black jack and pine—cut to suit.

Coal! Coal!

Eureka Blocks, the best for grates.

Weed Blocks

Lightwood, suitable for Wilson Heaters, grates and kindling.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Lime, Cement, Plaster, Shingles, Roofing Paper, Etc.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

dec. 19-tf.

AGENTS FOR

SHOES

NEVER BEFORE was our Motto

"Not Cheap Shoes, But Good Shoes Cheap."

More rigidly adhered to than now. CLOSING OUT WINTER STOCK, Making room for Spring Stock. Be sure to see us before buying.

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co

jan 6-tf.

PHONE 1336.

And let us estimate on wiring your house for

Electric Lights and Bells

Also keep your private plants and prones in repair. Our prices are within reach of all.

WORK GUARANTEED.

SUTTON & WILLIAMSON,

Electrical Contractors, Room No. 5, Smith Building, Princess Street.

jan-20-tf

Our Motto!

Purity, Promptness, Accuracy.

The purest and best drugs only used in our Prescription Department.

J. Frank Jarman,

DRUGGIST,

107 Princess Street.

jan-18-tf.

LOOK OUT

For a Cold Snap

Don't wait until you are caught by the cold weather and nearly freeze before you think to buy your Heating Stoves. We hae a beautiful line of

Self Feeding Heaters

Just the kind that will give you solid comfort for many winters.

Call and let us show them to you.

J. W. Murchison & Co.

jan 6-tf.

Wlmington and Southport

STEAMBOAT LINE.

SCHEDULE—

"Steamer Wilmington" leaves South port daily 8 A. M.

Leave Wilmington 2 P. M.

nov. 28, tf.

HUGH MacRAE & CO.,

WE BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES

COTTON MILL STOCKS.

North and South Carolina State Bonds.

Atlantic Coast Line

Schedulein Effect January 6, 1907.

NOTICE.

The arrivals and departures are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 42
Lv Wilmington ..	9.00 a m	6.35 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12.23 p m	9.32 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1.43 p m	11.15 p m
Ar. Weldon	5.08 p m	2.32 p m
Ar Norfolk	6.05 p m	
Ar Wilson	1.07 p m	10.25 p m
Ar Weldon	5.08 p m	2.32 a m
Ar. Petersburg ..	7.12 p m	4.27 a m
Ar Richmond	8.00 p m	5.10 a m
Ar Washington	11.40 p m	8.50 a m
Ar Baltimore	1.43 a m	10.13 a m
Ar Philadelphia ..	4.25 a m	12.27 a m
Ar New York	7.20 a m	3.00 a m

SOUTHBOUND

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	9.25 a m	9.25 p m
Ar Philadelphia ..	1.55 a m	12.01 a m
Ar Baltimore	2.12 p m	2.32 a m
Ar Washington...	3.21 p m	3.45 a m
Ar Norfolk		8.30 a m
Lv Richmond ...	7.25 p m	8.25 a m
Ar. Petersburg ...	8.05 p m	9.13 a m
Ar Weldon	9.52 p m	11.35 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	10.58 p m	1.00 p m
Ar Wilson	11.40 p m	2.15 p m
Ar Goldsboro	6.58 a m	3.32 p m
Ar. Wilmington	10.20 am	6.10 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH SOUTHBOUND

	Daily	Daily	Daily
Lv Wilm'ton	5.40 am	3.35 pm	6.35 pm
Ar Florence	9.35 am	7.30 pm	4.15 am
Ar Columbia	12.45 pm	11.16 pm	am
Ar. Ch'lest'n	1.40 pm	11.37 pm	7.05 am
Ar Savannah	6.45 pm	2.55 am	9.30 am
Ar Jack'ville		8.40 am	2.10 pm
Ar Tampa..		7.10 pm	10.52 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily	Daily
Lv Tampa	9.00 pm	10.30 am
Lv Jacksonville	8.55 am	8.05 pm
Ar Savannah	12.55 pm	1.15 am
Lv. Charleston	5.30 pm	6.15 am
Lv Columbia	4.30 pm	6.45 am
Ar Florence	8.10 pm	9.35 am
Ar. Wilmington	12.30 am	1.55 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington ..	9.10 am	Ar 8.13 pm
Lv Fayetteville ..	12.35 pm	Ar 4.55 pm
Lv Sanford	3.40 pm	Ar 1.55 pm

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	N. Bound Daily ex Sun	South Bound
Ar m	n .... 2.10 pm	
Ar Newbern	5.55 pm	Lv 9.10 am

Trains Nos. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington connecting with Pennsylvania R. R. for all points east.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.

To The Beach.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE.

In effect October 28th, 1906

Leave Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville	Leave Beach
x 7.00 a m	x6.30 a m	
x 8.30 a m	x8.00 a m	
10.00 a m	xx9.00 a m	
11.30 a m	11.00 a m	10.45 a m
1.30 p m	12.30 p m	12.15 p m
3.00 p m	2.25 p m	2.15 p m
5.00 p m	4.25 p m	4.15 p m
6.30 p m	5.55 p m	5.45 p m
8.00 p m	7.30 p m	
9.30 p m	9.00 p m	
11.00 p m	10.30 p m	

xDaily except Sunday.

xx Sundays this car will leave Wrightsville at 10:00 a. m. instead of at 9:00 a. m.

Cars leaving Wilmington at 7 a. m., 8.30 A. m., 8.00 p. m. and 9.30 p. m. will not run beyond Wrightsville unless there are passengers for the Beach.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Cars every half hour from 1.00 to 5.00 p m in addition to the above schedule.

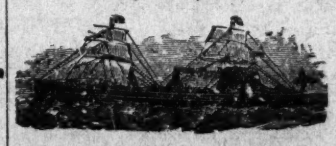
Special Car to Golf Grounds and Winter Park.

Leave Front and Princess Streets daily, except Sunday, at 3:40, 4:00, 4:30 and 5:30 P. M.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

Freight cars leaves Wilmington daily cept Sunday at 4.00 p m. Freight depot op from 2.00 to 4.00 p m.

Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Company.



Proposed sailings from Baltimore:

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

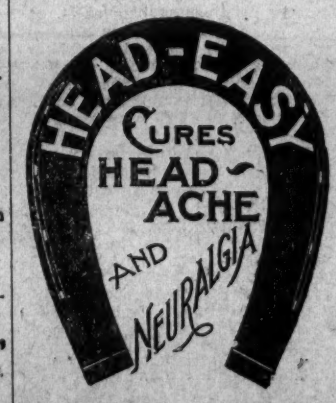
Connecting with steamers for Southport, Fayetteville and points on Cape Fear and Little Rivers.

MARCH 15TH.

M. L. W. WILLIAMS, Gen. Mngr., Baltimore, Md.

WALTER SMALLBONES, Agt., Wilmington, N. C.

sept 22 1t



10c Bottles . . . 2 Doses

25c Bottle . . . . 8 Doses

Ask your dealer for it.

july26-tf

Clyde Steamship Company.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C. Lines

New York for Wilmington.

S. S. Carib .....March 8, 1907

S. S. Navahoe .....March 15, 1907

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. Navahoe .....March 9, 1907

S. S. Carib .....March 16, 1907

Wilmington for Georgetown.

S. S. Navahoe .....March 4, 1907

S. S. Carib .....March 11, 1907

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

CLYDE MILNE, G. F. A., New York.

THEO. G. EGER, V.-P., & G. M. 290 Broadway, New York.

General Offices, Pier 36 N. R. Brch. 290 fe 1-tf

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

Scenic Route to the West

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:15 P. M.	11.00 P. M.
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15 A. M.	5.00 P. M.
Ar. Chicago	5.30 P. M	7.10 A. M.
Ar. St. Louis	6.28 P. M.	7.18 A. M
Ar. Louisville	11.20 A. M.	8.00 P.M.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address.

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A., C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

H. W. FULLER

It's All Your Fault

If you don't get a good fit.

If your clothes don't wear good.

If you paid too much money.

If you don't come and see the best fitting and cheapest line of CLOTHING, HATS AND SHOES in all grades and styles at

J. W. H. FUCHS,

Southern Red Trading Stamps With All Cash Purchases

feb 24 tf

Evaperated Apples and Peaches

150 Cases Evaporated Apples.

50 Cases California Evaporated Peaches.

100 Bbbls Large Mullets.

1,000 Cases Salmon.

400 Cases Sardines.

250 Cases Peaches.

200 Cases Corn.

400 Cases Oysters.

1,000 Cases Canned Meats.

ALSO

Have enroute one Car Load Maine Seed Potatoes.

Just Arrived—One Car Load Georgia Cane Syrup. Get our Prices.

D. L. GORE CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND IMPORTERS.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

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Harris Lithia Water

The strongest Lithia Water known and

Harris' Lithia Ginger Ale.

The best in the market.

A trial will convince you.

H. L. VOLLERS.

fe25-tf

COMMERCIAL

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 7.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, firm at 72c.

ROSIN—Morket firm $4.10 bid.

TAR—Market firm, $2.30 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Market firm at $3.35 per barrel for hard, $4.50 for dip and $4.50 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar, firm, $1.80; crude turpentine, firm, $3.25, $5.00 and $5.00.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine 11
Rosin 297
Tar 122
Crude Turpentine 16

Receipts same day last year 9 casks spirits turpentine; 96 barrels rosin; 24 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady, 10 5-8.

Same day last year—Steady, 10 1-2c.

Receipts, 245 bales; same day last year, 59 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

PEANUTS—North Carolina Prime $1.40 extra prime, $1.45; fancy, $1.50 per bushel of 28 pounds; Virginia—Prime, $1.10; extra prime, $1.15; fancy, $1.19@$1.20; Spanish, $1.25@$1.40.

CORN—Firm, 68@70c per bushel for white; 66@68 for mixed.

N. C. BACON—Steady, hams, 17@18c per pound; shoulders, 12to 13c; sides dull, 11@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 18@20c.

CHICKENS—Firm 20@30c for small growns 35@40c.

BEESWAX—Firm, at 26@27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2@5c. per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull at 2 to 3 1-4c per pound.

HIDES—Dry flint, 14 to 15c; green 7@8 1-2c per pound.

PORK—Corn fed 7 to 8.

TURKEYS—Firm, live 15@16c; dressed 20 @ 22c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

By Wire to The Morning Star.

New York, March 7.—After making another new high level for the movement the cotton market ruled rather irregular and finished the day at a net decline of five points to an advance of 3 points, as compared with last night's close. Sales were estimated at 250,000 bales. The opening was barely steady at a decline of one point to an advance of 4 points, which was considered better than due on the cables. There seemed to be quite a good deal for sale, but here was also aggressive support and over night buying orders. Prices soon advanced on this demand to a net gain of about 3 to 7 points with shorts covering in view of the firmness of the market, in the face of the disappointing cables. The larger receipts at Galveston than estimated and the larger estimate for tomorrow's receipts at Houston checked the outside buying movement, and during the middle of the day prices reacted to net loss of about 4 to 10 points on the active months under realizing and selling for a turn.

As soon as the offerings of long cotton subsided, however, the market rallied on a renewal of support, reaching about the previous high point. Later fluctuations were irregular with the closing tone steady, but some 4 to 6 points off from the best. Southern spot news was somewhat conflicting, some dealers claiming that there was a less urgent demand while others reported a better demand for the lower grades.

Receipts at the ports today 22,000 bales, against 33,755 last week, and 14,285 last year. For the week (estimated) 170,000 bales, against 187,781 last week and 105,434 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans, 4,956 bales, against 6,021 last year, and at Houston 6,156 bales, against 3,169 last year.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 11.45; middling gulf 11.70; sales 1,060 bales.

Futures opened barely steady and closed steady.

Month.	Open.	Close.
March	9.87	9.91
April	——	9.95
May	10.01	10.03
June	——	10.07
July	10.15	10.11
August	10.19	10.14
September	b10.19	10.14
October	10.40	10.32
November	——	——
December	10.45	10.39
January	10.61	10.57

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Firm, 11 1-2; net receipts, 12,266.

New Orleans—Firm, 11 1-16; net receipts, 4,956.

Mobile—Steady, 10 1-2; net receipts, 184.

Savannah—Steady, 10 5-8; net receipts, 1,913.

Charleston—Steady, 10 1-2; net receipts, 254.

Wilmington—Firm, 10 5-8; net receipts, 245.

Norfolk—Firm, 11 1-8; net receipts, 1,461.

Baltimore—Nominal, 11 1-4.

New York—Steady, 10.35; net receipts, 293.

Boston—Steady, 11.45; net receipts, 9.60.

Philadelphia—Steady, 11.70.

Total today at all ports—Net receipts, 22,532; Great Britain, 8,366; France, 1,143; continent, 6,997; stock, 1,030,187.

Consolidated at all ports—Net receipts, 144,877; Great Britain, 93,852; France, 1,329; continent, 52,219; Japan, 17,145.

Total since September 1 at all prots—Net receipts, 8,416,747; Great Britain, 2,964,441; France, 732,848; continent, 2,598,894; Japan, 151,288.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Steady, 11 1-2; net receipts, 6,156.

Augusta—Steady, 11 3-8; net receipts, 1,177.

Memphis—Steady, 10 3-4; net receipts, 1,255.

St. Louis—Steady, 10 7-8; net receipts, 652.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 967.

Louisville—Firm, 11.

Total today—Net receipts, 10,207; gross receipts, 13,745; shipments, 14,629; sales, 4,820; stock, 317,381.

Liverpool Markets.

(By Cable to The Morning Star.)

Liverpool, March 7.—Cotton: Spot in increased demand, prices 4 to 6 points higher. American middling fair 7.04; good middling 6.58; middling 6.22; low middling 5.90; good ordinary 5.34; ordinary 5.06.

The sales of the day were 12,000 bales of which 500 were for speculation and export and include1 11,800 American. Receipts 46,000 bales including 36,400 American. Futures opened firm and closed quiet; American middling G. O. C.: March 5.84; March and April 5.83 1-2; April and May 5.83; May and June 5.83; June and July 5.82 1-2; July and August 5.81 1-2; August and September 5.79; September and October 5.76 1-2; October and November 5.73; November and December 5.72 1-2; December and January 5.72 1-2; January and February 5.74.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—The dry goods market is steady but activity is being curtailed by a growing scarcity of goods. Some goods have been withdrawn from sale pending the filling of orders now on the books. Raw silk is advancing rapidly. The jobbing trade as active.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—Money on call firm 4 3-4 to 6 per cent; ruling rate 5 1-2, closing bid 5, offered at 5 1-2. Time loans dull and firm; sixty days 5 3-4 to 6 per cent; ninety days and six months 5 3-4 per cent. Close: Prime mercantile paper 5 3-4 to 6 per cent, sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bill at 4.8450 to 4.84.55 for demand and at 4.8020 to 4.8025 for sixty day bills. Posted rates 48.1 1-2 and 4.85 1-2. Commercial bills 4.80 1-2. Bar silver 68 1-2. Mexican dollars 53.

New York Bonds.

U. S. Refunding 2s reg	105
U. S. Refunding 2s cou	105 1-2
U. S. 3s reg	103 1-2
U. S. 3s cou	103 1-2
U. S. old 4s reg	100 5-8
U. S. old 4s cou	101 5-8
U. S. new 4s reg	129 1-2
U. S. new 4s cou	129 1-2
American Tobacco Co. 4s	73
American Tobacco Co. 6s	108 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line	95 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio	100 3-4
L. & N. Unified 4s	100
Seaboard Air Line, offered ..	80 5-8
Southern Railway	109 3-4
U. S. Steel 2nd pfd	98

Closing Stock List.

Amalgamated Copper	105
American Sugar Refining	126
American Tobacco pfd cert ..	94 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line	110 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio	105 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	88
Chesapeake & Ohio	47 3-4
L. & N.	122 7-8
New York Central	122
Norfolk & Western	80 1-2
Norfolk & Western pfd	80
Peoples' Gas	91
Reading	119
Reading 1st pfd	89
Reading 2nd pfd	89
Southern Pacific	85 1-2
Southern Pacific pfd	116 1-2
Southern Railway	20 3-4
Southern Railway pfd	70
Tenn. Coal & Iron	144
U. S. Steel	40 1-2
U. S. Steel pfd	101 1-2
Va-Car. Chemical	30
Va-Car Chemical pfd	105 1-2
Seaboard Air Line	——
Seaboard Air Line pfd	——
Standard Oil	515
Western Union	80

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—FLOUR—Steady, with light scattered trade.

CORN MEAL—Steady.

WHEAT—Spot, firm; No. 2 red, 82 1-2 elevator; options, 1-4@3-8c net higher; May, 84 1-2; July, 84 1-2; September, 85 7-8.

CORN—Spot, steady; No. 2, 57 1-2 elevator; options, 1-8@1-4 net higher. May, 54; July, 53 3-4; September, 53 3-8.

OATS—Spot, steady; mixed, 41.

BUTTER—Weak; extra creamery, 31 1-2@32; creamery, common to extra, 21@31; held, common to extra, 21@30 1-2.

CHEESE—Firm, unchanged.

EGGS—Firm; Western firsts, 18 1-4; seconds, 18.

FREIGHTS AND PEANUTS—Quiet, unchanged.

POTATOES—Dull, unchanged.

CABBAGES—Firm, unchanged.

COTTONSEED OIL — Steady for spot, but easier for futures. Prime crude, f. o. b. mills, 44; prime Summer yellow, 49 1-2; off Summer yellow, 44@45 1-2; good off Summer yellow, 45@46 1-2; prime white, 55; prime Winter yellow, 54.

LARD—Quiet; refined, steady.

PORK—Steady.

TALLOW—Steady.

RICE—Steady.

MOLASSES—Strong.

SUGAR—Raw, strong; fair refining, 3; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 1-2; molasses sugar, 2 3-4; refined, steady.

COFFEE—Spot, steady;; Rio, No. 7, 7 3-8c; Santos No. 4, 8 3-8c; mild coffee, quiet; Cordova, 9@12 1-2. Futures, 5 to 15 points lower.

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Chicago, March 7.—Crop damage reports caused a further advance in wheat at prices today, the May delivery closing at a net gain of 1-4 to 3-8. Corn was up 1-8, and oats 5-8. Provisions gained a shade to 10 cents.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, steady; No. 2 Spring Wheat, 80@83; No. 3, 73@82 1-2; No. 2 red, 73 1-2@74 1-2; No. 2 corn, 44 1-2; No. 2 yellow, 45; No. 2 oats, 41 3-4; No. 2 white, 44; No. 3 white, 42 1-2@43 3-4; No. 2 rye, 64; short ribs sides (loose) 8.87 1-2@9.20; mess pork, per barrel, 16.50@16.62 1-2; lard, per 100 pounds, 9.50; short clear sides (boxed), 8.87 1-2@9.37 1-2; whiskey, basis of high wines, 1.29.

Leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—May, 76 3-4; July, 77 5-8@77 3-4; September, 77 7-8.

Corn—May, 47; July, 46 3-8@46 1-2; September, 46 3-4.

Oats—May, 42 1-2@42 5-8; July, 37 5-8; September, 32 3-4@32 7-8.

Mess Pork, per barrels—May, 16.40; July, 16.60.

Lard, per 100 pounds—May, 9.60; July, 9.62 1-2; September, 9.75.

Short ribs, per 100 pounds—May, 9.12 1-2; July, 9.25; September, 9.30.

NAVAL STORES.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—Turpentine steady; rosin, steady, strained, common to good, 4.45.

Savannah, March 7.—Turpentine firm 72 1-2; sales 41; receipts 72, shipments 141.

Rosin firm; sales 1,262; receipts 633; shipments 2,901; stocks 57,096.

Quote: A, B, C, 4.25; E, 4.30; F, 4.35; G, 4.35; H, 4.65; I, 4.70; K, $5.50; M, 5.60; N, 6.00; WG, 6.40; WW, 6.50.

Charleston, March 7.—Turpentine and rosin nothing doing.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Schr. Charles J. Dumas, 506 tons, Warren, Carteret, N. J., C. D. Maffitt.

Schr. Crescent, 389 tons, Mehaffey, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

Schr. R. T. Rundlett, 219 tons, Johnson, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

Str. Ossabaw, 2,045 tons, Webb, New York, F. A. Fetter, agent Seaboard Air Line.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Smith, Fayetteville, S. P. McNair.

Str. Johnson, Ward, Clear Run, W. J. Meredith.

CLEARED.

Str. City of Fayetteville, Smith, Fayetteville, S. P. McNair.

Schr. Samuel W. Hathaway, Quinlin, Manure, N. J., C. D. Maffitt.

Exports—Coastwise.

Manure, N. J.—Schr. Samuel W. Hathaway, 20,275 cross-tries; cargo by Flynn & Co.; vessel by C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., March 7, 1907.

W. & W. Railroad—160 bales cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—32 bales cotton; 24 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—39 bales cotton; 4 cask spirits turpentine; 8 barrels rosin, 26 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—4 bales cotton; 3 casks spirits; 23 barrels rosin; 16 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Johnson—237 barrels rosin; 72 barrels tar.

Str. Compton—10 bales cotton; 7 casks spirits turpentine; 29 barrels rosin.

Total—245 bales cotton; 11 casks spirits turpentine; 297 barrels rosin; 122 barrels tar; 16 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port of Wilmington, N. C.

Barques.

India (Swedish), 662 tons, Hammarlund, Heide & Co.

Osabaw, 2,045 tons, Webb, F. A. Fetter, agent Seaboard Air Line.

Schooners.

Mary L. Crosby, 394 tons, Warren, C. D. Maffitt.

John J. Hansen, 552 tons, Wood, C. D. Maffitt.

Wm. W. Converse, 654 tons, Williamson, C. D. Maffitt.

Ella M. Storer, 426 tons, Green, C. D. Maffitt.

Charles J. Dumas, 506 tons, Warren, C. D. Maffitt.

Crescent, 389 tons, Mehaffey, C. D. Maffitt.

R. T. Rundlett, 219 tons, Johnson, C D. Maffitt.

RELIABLE INFORMATION

About a Reliable Medicine.

We want the people of Wilmington to know that we believe the most valuable cod liver preparation—the best tonic reconstructor, health restorer and strength creator known to medicine today is Vinol.

Vinol is not a patent medicine, as everything it contains is named on the label of every bottle. We guarantee Vinol contains besides tonic iron all of the medicinal, curative and body building elements of cod liver oil actually taken from fresh cods' livers, but without a drop of the useless oil to clog the system, upset the stomach and retard its work. This is why Vinol is so far superior to old-fashioned cod liver oil and emulsions.

over five thousand g72etaoin

Vinol is actually guaranteed by over five thousand leading druggists of the United States to create health and strength for old people, weak, sickly women and children, nursing mothers, and after a severe sickness, and for hacking coughs, chronic colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

Try Vinol on our guarantee. R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

NOTE.—While we are sole agents for Vinol in Wilmington, it is now for sale at the leading drug store in nearly every town and city in the country. Look for the Vinol agency in your town.

PEOPLE OF BRITTANY.

The Women Mostly Bald and the Men Mostly Drunkards.

"The women, not the men, go bald in Brittany," said a barber. "They go bald where it shows most—above the ears. Women, quite bald above the ears, are as common in Brittany as baldheaded men are with us.

"Brittany is a granite strewn, hilly, well wooded country in northwestern France, overlooking the sea. It is New Hampshire, with the sea added. The Breton peasants speak a language which resembles Welsh. They hate strangers, and they wear a peculiar costume.

"This costume is what causes the baldheaded woman. One part of it, the coif, or headdress, a cap of white linen, requires that the hair be drawn back very taut from the temples. Drawn back thus, as taut as it will go, it begins to disappear at the age of twenty-five, and by the time she is thirty-five or forty the Breton peasant woman looks as if she were the victim of some horrible disease, for, from her temples to well behind her ears, she is as bald as an egg.

"The men, on the contrary, are never bald. For one reason, they work bareheaded. For another, they belong to the low, animal type of man that preserves a head of thick, coarse hair to the end. They are a nasty lot, the men of Brittany—drunk every day or two, putting all the work on their wives, shouting bald insults in the Breton tongue at tourists."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE BUTTE HILL.

Where Fortunes Were Made and Spent In a Day.

When Daly had acquired the properties surrounding the Anaconda, he opened up the Butte hill. One must have a vivid imagination to picture to himself the growth of Butte from that time on during Marcus Daly's life. Fortunes were made and spent in a day. An army of men descended into the mines daily to strip them of their treasure, huge forests were despoiled of their timber to stull and shore up the excavations and protect the earth above, for these copper veins are often 100 feet wide. Immense smokestacks began to vomit their clouds of smudge from scores of furnaces scattered over the hill; the moan and clank of huge pumps could be heard in the depths forcing the water to the surface; the pound of hammers and the steady impact of drills sounded everywhere, while the earth trembled and bellowed with distant underground explosions. Great hollows, like cathedral naves, were scooped out, where the treasure had lain in the rock ribbed earth. Horses and mules were blindfolded and lowered into the mines—where their hides, like the gray beards of the old miners, soon took on the greenish color of the copper which saturates everything below the surface. The Butte hill soon became a vertiable underground city.—C. P. Connolly in McClure's Magazine.

The Sin of Insurance.

"When life insurance was first instituted," said an antiquary, "the church and pious people generally were dead set against it. They said that it was gambling in human lives. They said, too, that it would encourage murder. They were right in a way. Life insurance is gambling in human lives—only the odds are so greatly in the companies' favor that they can never lose. It is also an encouragement to murder. A good many murders are committed every year for the sake of life insurance policies. But these evils are no more than fly specks on the great beneficent life insurance bodies. Life insurance does so much good that the evils attendant on it are by comparison nil."

Carbo Magnetic
Carbo Magnetic
TRADE MARK
NO STROPPING - NO GRINDING
NO NEW BLADES. NO ANNUAL TAX.
If you wish to test one of these Razors without RISK or OBLIGATION on your part, apply to us for details!
PRICES
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Pair in leather case $5.50
Double Concave $3.00 for heavy beards
"Carbo-Magnetic" Elastic Cushion Strops, $1.00.
Free booklet "Hints to Shavers."
J. W. MURCHISON & CO., Local Agent

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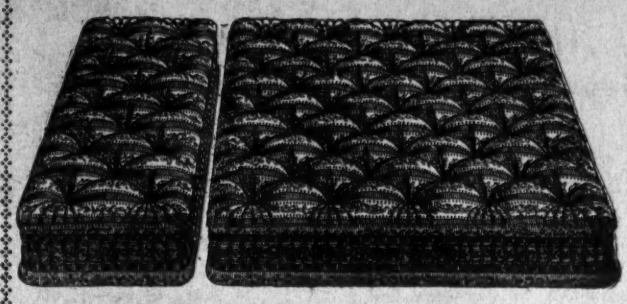
Send name and address for information why ACP and RDG will sell at 250.

R.M. WEAVER,

217 So. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WE HAVE THEM IN STOCK.



The justly celebrated Ostermoor, which you have been told is the best. Also the $30.00 Special French Edge offered by the Manufacturer during the month of February at $18.50. Call and examine them.

The largest stock of Roll Top, Flat Top, and Standing Desks, as well as the largest line of Furniture in the State.

Our prices can be met only by those who, like us, buy in car lots and pay spot cash.

THE WILMINGTON FURNITURE CO.

Retail Stores 129 Market and 19, 21 and 21 1-2 North 2nd Sts. Wholesale 106 North Water St.

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THIS WEEK, 15c DRESS LINON TAN COLOR, 12 1-2

THIS WEEK 18c. DRESS LINON 15c. YARD.

6 More Days 6

of

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

Sun Bleached Sale.

Visit His Store This Week.

Specials in Children's Dresses.

All Prices and New Styles.

100 dozen Children's Black Ribbed Hose, 10c kind, sizes 6 to 6 1-2; Sun Bleach Sale, 5c pair.

100 dozen Ladies' Gause Vests, worth 8c each; Sun Bleach Sale, 5c each.

100 dozen Ladies' Double Taped Vests, 15c kind; 3 for 25c.

The best make of Children's Hose Supporters, 15c kind; this week 10c pair.

85c Bed Spreads, full sizes, nicely made, extra heavy; this week, 69c.

$15.00 Men's all wool Suits, new patterns, all colors; this week, $12.00.

Boys' $3.50 Ready Made Suits, new Spring patterns; this week $2.50.

75c Men's Negligee Shirts, in white and colors; this week 50c.

Special Values in Grips, Bags, and Trunks.

Boys' and Girls' Windsor Ties, all colors, extra value, worth 25s; now 10c.

100 dozen 25c linen fringed Towels; this week, 18c each.

25c colored Organdy, this sale 10c yard.

The best Apron Ginghams this week 6c.

35c full width Table Linen this week 25c yard.

65c. full width Table Linen, big values,; this week 45c yard.

75c full width Table Linen, this week 58c yard.

$1.25 full width Table Linen, this week 89c yard.

Black Lawns this week, 25c kind 18c; 18c kind 15c; 15c kind 12 1-2c. mch 3-tf

SIX—MORE DAYS—SIX

of

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

Sun Bleached Sale—Visit His Store.

THIS WEEK, 25c. DRESS LINON 19c. YARD.

THIS WEEK 35c DRESS LINON 22c. YARD.

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ASBESTOS SAD IRONS

AnIron for Every Purpose.

A Hot Iron

A Cold Handle

Flounce Irons
Tourist Irons
Pressing Irons

Laundry Sets
Shirt Waist Sets
French Sets

Prices just the same at our store as advertised in all the leading journals and magazines. No Home is really complete without asbestos sad irons. On exhibition now and for sale by

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO

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PASSAGE MONEY FOR IMMIGRANTS

Another Opinion By Attorney General Bonaparte in South Carolina Case.

ALIENS HERE TO REMAIN

Attorney General Holds That Commissioner Watson's Immigrants Are Legally in Country—New Law Prevents Future Evasions.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Washington, March 7.—A statement was issued by the Department of Justice today concerning an opinion submitted to President Roosevelt by Attorney General Bonaparte as to whether certain immigrants, who were landed in South Carolina last fall are legally in this country. The opinion, in effect, is that the immigrants were entitled to admission to the United States, and that they are in this country legally.

The opinion agrees with that rendered on the same case by Solicitor Earle, of the Department of Commerce and Labor. The Attorney General holds further, however, that under the provisions of the recently enacted immigration act, the immigrants in question could have been excluded. The statement says:

"It appears from statements furnished by the Department of Commerce and Labor that the legislature of the State created the office of immigration Commissioner and made an appropriation of $2,000 for its expenses, for the express purpose of encouraging immigrants to come into that State. It also appears that certain private parties made up a fund amounting to about $30,000 which was placed in the hands of Commissioner E. J. Watson and with these resources he went abroad and by advertisements and otherwise collected a considerable number of laborers or artisans who were willing to migrate to South Carolina, where labor, it is understood, was in great demand.

"He paid the passage of these people by an agreement which was afterwards cancelled, that they should repay him out of their wages from employment he might procure for them. Under the terms of the agreement signed by the immigrants and Commissioner Watson, the latter promised to find employment for the former, but the immigrants themselves were free to reject any particular offer of employment that might be made to them.

The Attorney General holds in effect that the original provisions of the alien contract labor law of 1885 were not repealed by the immigration law of 1904, and that after 1903 whenever passage money had been paid of any alien laborer who came to this country, under a previous contract to perform labor here, such as alien laborer was not entitled to admission into the United States.

"Second: This did not operate, however, to include the laborers in question, because, according to the construction placed upon the act of 1885 by the courts, it was an essential condition to a violation of that law, to perform labor and these laborers do not appear to have been under any such enforceable contract.

"Third: That although the passage of these laborers may have been paid in pursuance of an offer or solicitation of employment, and in violation of the provision of the act of 1903 this would not render the aliens themselves liable to exclusion, as this act did not contain any provision excluding from admission those whose passage money had been paid in violation of its provisions.

"Fourth: That if, however, the laborers in question had been otherwise excluded from admission, the fact that their passage was paid by the Commissioner of the State of South Carolina would not have changed the result, since, in the first place, the commissioner apparently did not act in an official capacity for the State, but under permission of the State to act as the representative of citizens who contributed money to aid in bringing over the immigrants; and in the second place, if he had acted as State Commissioner and paid the money from the State Treasury, the result apparently would have been the same, as the only exceptions made in the contract labor act in favor of States is the exceptions with reference to advertisements by the State, published in foreign countries, stating the inducements they offer for immigrants, and in the other provisions of the contract labor laws prohibiting all persons from prepaying the passage money or otherwise assisting aliens coming within the inhibitions of the statutes, there is no exception made in favor of any individual because he may be acting as the agent of the State.

"The Attorney General holds, in effect, however, that under the provisions of the new immigration act which was approved by the President last Monday, the immigrants in question could have been excluded."

MR. CLEVELAND AT GERGETOWN

Former President in Fine Trim For Duck Hunting.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Georgetown, S. C., March 7.—Former President Grover Cleveland, E. C. Benedict and Admiral Lamberton arrived in Georgetown this morning from the North The government launch "Water Lily" was in readiness at the railroad wharf and the party left for the shooting preserves of General E. P. Alexander, Ford's Point, Santee River, whose guests the distinguished party will be while here. Mr. Cleveland looked to be in good health and spirits and he anticipates good sport The weather is propitious for duck shooting.

SUDDEN VERDICT FOR MILL MEN

Abrupt Ending of Case in United States Court at Greensboro.

GOVERNMENT DROPPED CASE

On Motion of Prosecution All Cases Were Nol Prossed—Jury Instructed to Bring in Verdict of Not Guilty.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Greensboro, N. C., March 7.—The trial of the test case against the Charlotte mill men, who were sued by the government for $71,000 in penalties for alleged violation of the immigration laws, ended rather suddenly and abruptly in the United States Circuit Court this evening, when, upon the motion of counsel for the governemnt, the jury was instructed to bring in a verdict in favor of the defendants. This carries all of the suits against the men off the docket, and a nol prosse was taken in the criminal case charging them with conspiracy. The defendants were: Edward A. Smith, president of three big cotton mills at Charlotte; Sumner B. Sargent, manager of the D. A. Tompkins Company; E. C. Dwelle, secretary and treasurer of the mills of which Mr. Smith is president; Thomas M. Costello, immigration agent. The latter could not be found after the cases were instituted

It was alleged in the complaints that the cotton mill owners employed Costello to go to England to hire labor for their mills, and that in pursuance of this agreement, Costello went, and by promises, contracts and agreements secured the consent of the aliens to come to America. It was also alleged that Costello prepaid their passage and gave them "show" money. There were seventy-one of the aliens who came to America to work in the mills in and about Charlotte.

The defendants offered as a defense that Costello exceeded his authority as agent, and Judge Boyd held that the government must show that the defendants shared in the unlawful purpose with Costello. The defendants also contended that as there was not skilled labor of a like kind unemployed in this country they were not amenable to the law.

The defendants brought cotton mill men from every section of the country to testify that there is a great scarcity of cotton mills help.. It was shown that there are $1,000,000 worh of machinery standing idle in the mills of the South on account of the scarcity of labor.

The Department of Commerce and Labor has taken great interest in these suits and this department is really responsible for the institution of the cases. Assistant Attorney General Cooley appeared with the local attorneys for the government.

NOT GUILTY OF MURDER.

Trial of Strother Brothers Ended at Culpepper, Va.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

Culpepper, Va., March 7.—After being out one hour and a half the jury in the case of James and Philip F. Strother, on trial for the murder of William F. Bywaters, their brother-in-law, returned a verdict of not guilty at 11:10 A. M.

The jurors retiring to the jury room immediately after Judge Harrison had put the case in their hands, then began the most trying test of the ordeal for the defendants. The strain was most apparent on the face of Philip Strother, the younger defendant, while James apparently was confident of a favorable verdict. He sat in silence listening to the comments of his counsel, and occasionally offered words of consolation to his wife who sat at his side.

As the minutes sped by the situation became more strained, many in the court room taking the delay as an unfavorable sign to the accused. Judge Harrison himself, keyed to a high pitch, paced restlessly up and down the narrow space behind his bench, while the counsel for both sides gathered to discuss the meaning of what seemed to them a delay.

At precisely 11:10 o'clock, the jurymen, preceded by Sheriff Bowersett, filed into the court room and took their accustomed seats. A breathless silence fell over the room, as the spectators awaited the announcement of the verdict.

"Gentlemen of the jury," asked Deputy Clerk Gilkerson, "have you agreed upon your verdict."

"We have," replied Foreman Price, handing the verdict to the court officer. "We find the defendants, James and Philip Strother, not guilty," was the message read aloud by the clerk, Gilkerson.

The announcement was the signal for an outburst of approval, which Judge Harrison quickly silenced. The effect of the verdict, however, was instantaneous. James Strother reached for the hand of Mr. Moore, one of the counsel, and Philip was quickly surrounded by the friends who have stood by the brothers since the opening of the trial. Mrs. James Strother, overcome by emotion, fell forward into her husband's arms, sobbing and exclaiming her thanks.

When the effects of the critical moment passed, Judge Harrison addressed the jury as follows:

"Gentlemen of the jury, I thank you for a verdict which I think will be approved by the public. It is an established precedent in the State of Virginia that no man tried for defending the sanctity of his home should be found guilty."

After further words of approval from the bench the jurymen left the court room with the intention of going directly to their homes in Shenandoah county.

DEFENSE RESTS IN THAW'S TRIAL

Attorney Delmas Surprised District Attorney Jerome With That Announcement.

THAW AGREED TO THAT STEP

Believed That His Mother's Testimony Will Secure Verdict in His Favor—Has Most to Fear From Lunacy Commission.

(By Wire to The Morning Star.)

New York, March 7.—There was another quick turn of the cards in the trial of Harry K. Thaw late today, when the defense announced that it had concluded to rest its case.

It was nearly 6 o'clock when Delphin M. Delmas, chief of the Thaw counsel, called Ditstrict Attorney Jerome on the telephone and made the announcement.

The District Attorney was, perhaps, the most surprised man in New York, for it had been understood that when Justice Fitzgerald resumed the bench Friday morning at 10:30, the Thaw attorneys would call one or two alienists.

Court will assemble tomorrow, as planned, but what will be done is a question much discussed tonight. Mr. Delmas will make the simple announcement, "the defense rests."

It will then be the duty of the District Attorney to take up the rebutal, but it was generally rumored tonight that after a brief session adjournment will be asked and granted until Monday, that Mr. Jerome may mature his plans.

Mr. Jerome said tonight he will let the case go to the jury.

The sudden decision of the defense came after a conference of Thaw's lawyers in Mr. Delmas' office late this afternoon.

Mr. Jerome's move in the morning is awaited with much interest. The general supposition is, however, that adjournment will be taken. It was understood tonight that the defense will attempt to conclude its cross-examinaion speedily, dealing very briefly with the alienists. How long Mr. Jerome will take on rebuttal is another question of importance. The case may close with this rebuttal, although the defense has a chance for sur-rebuttal. On good authority it was said that Delmas would sum up for Thaw. This, too, has been a question under discussion. It was an evening of activity in the District Attorney's office. Assistant District Attorney Nott was called in for the first time since the opening of the trial, and with his chief and his assistant attorney, Garvan, examined witnesses and went over the law authorities until a late hour.

The close of the defense was with the testimony of Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the defendant, and it was said that at today's conference, it was decided that no better climax could have been reached by the defense.

Several of Thaw's attorneys visited him in th Tombs today, and he was notified of their decision, and concurred.

The question of a lunacy commission looms prominent still. Mr. Jerome may ask for the appointment of such a commission at any time, and this may halt proceedings. Thaw's lawyers and the defendant, himself, it is said, have more fear of a suspension of the trial in favor of a commission than a verdict by the present jury. The defense is prepared to fight such an appointment, however.

Mrs. Harry Thaw visited her husband early oday and remained a long while. She seemed brigh and cheerful. Mrs. William Thaw and her daughters, the Countess of Yarmouth and Mrs. Carnegie, also visited Thaw during the afternoon.

HARGIS ACCESSORY IN MURDER

Was Discharged by Magistrate Who Overruled a Judge.

(By Cable to The Morning Star.)

Lexington, Ky., March 7.—John Smith, who has been confined in the Jackson, Ky., jail, accused, with Judge Hargis, of assassinating Dr. Cox, was released on a writ of habeas corpus by Magistrate Davis today. In the petition for Smith's release it was alleged that the Commonwealth's Attorney had made a motion before Judge Carnes for the release, but that the release was refused. This action on the part of Judge Carnes, it was charged, was unlawful, inasmuch as the court had no authority to commit Smith to jail after the Commonwealth had made a motion for Smith's release. Smith confessed, it is alleged, that himself, John Abner, and Asbury Spicer had been employed by Hargis to shoot Cox.

LIBERTY BELL AT EXPOSITION.

Philadelphia Asked for Loan of Revolutionary Relic.

Philadelphia, March 7.—Mayor Weaver transmitted to Councils today petitions from the Jamestown Exposition Company and the school children of Virginia requesting the authority of Philadelphia to send the Liberty Bell to the Jamestown Exposition. Mayor Weaver suggested to Councils that inasmuch as his term is about to expire, action on the petitions be deferred to await the judgment of his successor, Congressman John E. Reyburn, who will assume the office of Mayor on April 1.

Found at Last.

J. A. Harmon, of Lizemore, West Va., says: "At last I have found the perfect pill that never disappoints me; and for the benefit of others afflicted with torpid liver and chronic constipation, will say: take Dr. King's New Life Pills." Guarnteed satisfactory. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's Druggist.

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FOR SALE CHEAP—The house on the Cronenberg lot, on Fourth street, between Chestnut and Grace streets. Come at once to 410 North Front street, or phone 1126. John F. Garrell. mch 3 6t.

FOR SALE—374 acres land, between Cape Fear and Black rivers in and near Lyon swamp, Bladen county, 100 acres in White Oak Swamp cleared. Has produced 85 to 90 bushels of corn per acre. No fertilizer needed; adjoining land can not be bought for $50 per acre. If not sold within next 30 days, same will be rented for the year. Title good. Price $4,488. C. D. Koonce, Chadbourn, N. C. fe 24 su we fri

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